

**SISTEM PEMELIHARAAN DOMBA SAAT PANDEMI COVID-19 DI
TINGKAT PETERNAK RAKYAT KECAMATAN SEWON, BANTUL,
DAERAH ISTIMEWA YOGYAKARTA**

Muhammad Hilman Khoiri
17/414823/PT/07512

INTISARI

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui dampak yang ditimbulkan terhadap pola pemeliharaan domba di tingkat peternak rakyat akibat adanya pandemi Covid-19. Penelitian dilakukan di tingkat peternak di Kecamatan Sewon, Bantul, Daerah Istimewa Yogyakarta. Pengambilan data dilakukan dengan wawancara dan *focus group discussion* kepada 32 peternak yang dipilih secara *purposive* sampling untuk mengetahui ada tidak perubahan sistem pemeliharaan yang dijalankan sebelum dan ketika ada instruksi *lockdown* lokasi. Analisis data yang digunakan adalah deskriptif. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa pandemi Covid-19 memberikan dampak terhadap pola pemeliharaan domba milik peternak. Dampak negatif terjadi pada manajemen pakan yaitu peternak tidak lagi memberikan pakan konsentrat. Dampak positif yaitu meningkatnya aktivitas peternak di kandang meliputi lama di kandang dan frekuensi ke kandang. Kegiatan yang tidak terdampak sama sekali yaitu perawatan dan pencegahan penyakit serta manajemen perkawinan. Disimpulkan bahwa adanya pandemi covid-19 memberikan dampak terhadap sistem pemeliharaan domba di peternak rakyat.

Kata kunci : Pandemi Covid-19, Pemeliharaan Domba, Peternak Rakyat,
Sewon

SHEEP RAISING SYSTEM DURING COVID-19 PANDEMIC AT SMALLHOLDER FARMER LEVEL IN SEWON DISTRICT, BANTUL, SPECIAL REGION OF YOGYAKARTA

Muhammad Hilman Khoiri
17/414823/PT/07512

ABSTRACT

This study aims to learn the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on sheep raising systems at the farmer level. This study was conducted on the farmers level in Sewon district, Bantul, Special Region of Yogyakarta. Data were collected from interviews and focus group discussions with 32 farmers, which were selected through purposive sampling to know whether there was a change in the maintenance system before and during lockdown instructions. Descriptive data analysis was used in this study. The result showed that the COVID-19 pandemic has effect on sheep raising systems; the negative impact was that the farmers didn't give concentrate. The positive impact was that the increased duration and frequency went to the pen. Activities that were not affected by the pandemic were disease prevention and breeding management. The conclusion was that the COVID-19 pandemic has an impact on the sheep raising system in smallholder farmer.

Keywords: COVID-19 Pandemic, Farmer sheep activities, Smallholder Farmer, Sewon