



Selain itu, keberhasilan kampanye anti-rezim Otpor juga dipengaruhi oleh konteks politik yang tengah terjadi di Serbia. Pertama, armada keamanan dan politik Milosevic sedang tidak dalam kondisi prima setelah Perang Kosovo, sehingga perlawanan yang dilancarkan pada kurun waktu 1998-2000 tidak begitu mendapat respon represif seperti protes pendahulunya. Kedua, pertumbuhan ekonomi Serbia sedang lesu, ditambah dengan sanksi ekonomi dari komunitas internasional terkait dengan dakwaan kejahatan perang Milosevic. Ketiga, bantuan donor internasional pro-demokratisasi mengucur deras di tahun-tahun akhir menuju lengsernya Milosevic akibat sentimen komunitas internasional terhadap rezim otoriter dan penumpasan etnis yang tengah terjadi di Bosnia.

Meneliti kiprah Otpor kiranya dapat memberikan gambaran mengenai langkah-langkah apa yang harus ditempuh agar tuntutan masyarakat dapat tepat sasaran, terlepas sekuat apa rezim yang menekan. Lewat penelitian di atas dapat ditarik kesimpulan bahwa aksi nirkekerasan juga merupakan strategi yang patut dipertimbangkan untuk meraih suatu tujuan. Kampanye nirkekerasan yang bertujuan untuk menjatuhkan suatu rezim lebih mungkin untuk membawa institusi yang demokratis ke dalam sistem rezim yang baru (Stephan dan Chenoweth, 2011:213). Kontroversi Otpor yang mewarnai proses penelitian ini justru memberi pemahaman baru bagi penulis bahwa terlepas independensi Otpor yang dipertanyakan, aksi nirkekerasan berhasil menunjukkan kekuatannya. Maka, penulis sepakat dengan pemikiran yang dibawa oleh Sharp, Stephan, dan Chenoweth, bahwa aksi nirkekerasan sudah saatnya tidak lagi dimaknai sebagai alternatif karena ketiadaan pilihan, namun harus lebih dipertimbangkan sebagai strategi dominan karena ia menyimpan taktik yang bahkan lebih kuat dan efektif dari perlawanan bersenjata konvensional.

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