

ISOLASI DAN IDENTIFIKASI BAKTERI PENGHASIL ENZIM ALKALIN PROTEASE BERSUMBER DARI LIMBAH PENYAMAKAN KULIT DI PT. ADI SATRIA ABADI

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INTISARI

Penelitian bertujuan untuk mengisolasi dan mengidentifikasi bakteri penghasil enzim protease dari limbah cair dan padat penyamakan kulit di PT Adi Satria Abadi, Yogyakarta dan mengetahui karakteristik aktifitas enzim yang dihasilkan. Isolasi bakteri menggunakan sampel limbah cair dan padat dari limbah penyamakan kulit yang diambil dari 4 penampungan limbah yang berbeda. Isolat bakteri ditumbuhkan pada medium dengan perbedaan pH medium (7, 8, 9, 10, 11 dan 12) untuk mengukur pertumbuhan bakteri berdasarkan ukuran diameter koloni bakteri, diameter zona bening dan indeks proteolitik, sedangkan karakterisasi aktivitas enzim diuji pada variasi pH (7, 8, 9, 10, 11 dan 12) dan suhu inkubasi (40, 50 dan 60°C). Data hasil isolasi bakteri, pertumbuhan bakteri OD 600 nm, identifikasi bakteri dan pemekatan enzim 60% ammonium sulfat dilakukan analisis secara deskriptif. Data diameter koloni, diameter zona bening, indeks proteolitik dan karakterisasi aktivitas enzim dianalisis dengan menggunakan rancangan acak lengkap pola searah (*Completely Randomized Design*), apabila terdapat perbedaan dilanjutkan dengan uji *Duncans New Multiple Range Test* (DMRT). Hasil isolasi bakteri sampel kedua (L2) diuji lebih lanjut karena menunjukkan adanya aktivitas proteolitik. Identifikasi isolat bakteri L2 mempunyai morfologi koloni bulat, berwarna putih, tepian rata dan elevasi cembung, morfologi sel *basil* warna merah, Gram negatif, tidak motil, dan katalase positif. Diameter koloni bakteri dan diameter zona bening tertinggi diperoleh pada medium dengan pH 10 dan pH 11, namun perbedaan perlakuan tidak menunjukkan indeks proteolitik yang berbeda nyata. Aktivitas enzim tertinggi pada pH 11 dengan aktivitas unit enzim $45,18 \pm 1,77$ U/ml dan aktivitas spesifik enzim $43,19 \pm 1,69$ U/mg dan suhu 40°C aktivitas unit enzim $54,02 \pm 1,89$ U/ml dan aktivitas spesifik enzim $51,65 \pm 1,8$ U/mg. Aktivitas enzim dari protease yang terpresipitasi ammonium sulfat 60% menunjukkan hasil yang lebih tinggi (75,8 U/ml) daripada protease kasar

Kata kunci : isolasi bakteri, enzim protease, limbah penyamakan kulit, *unhairing*

**ISOLATION AND IDENTIFICATION OF BACTERY PRODUCING
ALKALINE PROTEASE ENZYME ON WASTE LEATHER
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ABSTRACT

This research was aimed to isolate and identify bacteria which produced protease enzyme from liquid and solid waste tannery in PT Adi Satria Abadi, Yogyakarta and investigate the characteristics of enzyme activity. The bacterial isolation used a sample of liquid and solid waste from leather waste which taken from a different waste reservoirs. The isolat bactory was grown in a medium with differences of pH medium (7, 8, 9, 10, 11 dan 12) to measure bacterial growth based on the measurement of bacterial colony diameter, transparent zone diameter, and index proteolitic, while the characterization of enzyme activity was done on variation of (7, 8, 9, 10, 11 dan 12) ph, with the incubation temperature in (40, 50 dan 60°C). The data from bacterial isolation, bacterial growth, bacterial identification and enzyme concentration 60% ammonium sulfate done by descriptive analysis. The data of colony diameter, diameter of transparent zone, proteolytic index and characteristic of enzyme activity analyzed by using a Complete Randomized Design in a one pattern, if differences were found in the data it will be continued with Duncan Analysis New Multiple Range Test (DMRT). The second result of bacterial isolation (L2) is tested in a further step because it showed proteolytic activity. Isolot bactory identification L2 had a circular colony morphology, white coloured, flat edge, some-shaped elevation, red basil cell morphology, negative gram, none motil, and positive catalase. The highest diameter of bacterial colony and transparent zone were on medium ph 10 and ph 11, but it did not show a significant different when it got a different treatment. The highest activity of enzyme on ph 11 with activity unit enzyme $45,18 \pm 1,77$ U/ml and specific enzyme activity $43,19 \pm 1,69$ U/mg and temperature of 40°C activity unit enzyme $54,02 \pm 1,89$ U/ml and specific enzyme activity $51,65 \pm 1,8$ U/mg the activity of enzyme from protease were precipitated ammonium sulfate 60% showed a higher result of (75,8 U/ml) rather than rough protease.

Keywords: isolation of bacteria, the enzyme protease, tannery waste, unhairing.