

## INTISARI

Penelitian mengenai persepsi anak petani terhadap keberlanjutan pertanian dilaksanakan di Kecamatan Pengasih kabupaten Kulon Progo. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menganalisis persepsi anak petani terhadap keberlanjutan pertanian, menganalisis faktor-faktor yang mempengaruhi persepsi anak petani dalam keberlanjutan pertanian, dan menganalisis pengaruh persepsi terhadap minat anak petani bekerja di bidang pertanian. Metode dasar yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini adalah metode deskriptif analitis dengan teknik survey. Pengambilan sampel kecamatan dan desa dilakukan secara purposif dan pengambilan sampel responden anak petani secara acak sederhana. Total sampel anak petani berjumlah 60 yaitu 30 dari Desa Sendangsari dan 30 dari Desa Sidomulyo. Metode analisis yang digunakan adalah uji proporsi, analisis regresi linier berganda, dan analisis regresi linier sederhana. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa persepsi anak petani terhadap keberlanjutan pertanian masih tergolong ragu-ragu. Peran teman dan akses terhadap informasi pertanian memiliki pengaruh positif pada persepsi anak petani terhadap keberlanjutan pertanian. Faktor yang tidak berpengaruh nyata terhadap persepsi anak petani adalah umur, tingkat pendidikan, pengetahuan, keterlibatan, jenis kelamin, dan peran orang tua. Persepsi tidak mempengaruhi minat anak petani untuk bekerja di bidang pertanian.

**Kata Kunci** : persepsi, keberlanjutan pertanian, minat

## **ABSTRACT**

*Research about farmer's children perception on agricultural sustainability was implemented in Sub-district Pengasih, Kulon Progo Regency. The purposes of this research were to analyze the perception of farmer's children on agricultural sustainability, factors influencing perception of farmer's children in agricultural sustainability, and the influence of perception to interest of farmer's children working in agriculture. The basic method used in the research was analytical descriptive method with survey technique. Sample of Pengasih Sub-districts and villages were done purposively and sample of farmer's children were taken by simple random sampling. Total sample of farmer's children were 60 consisting of 30 respondents from Sendangsari and 30 respondents from Sidomulyo. The analysis method was used proportion test, multiple linear regression analysis, and simple linear regression analysis. The research result showed that the perception level of farmer's children on agricultural sustainability is in moderate level. Role of farmer's children friends and access to agricultural information have a positive effect on farmer's children perception to agricultural sustainability. Factors that have no significantly effect of farmer's children perception are age, education level, knowledge, involvement, gender of farmer's children, and parents role. Perception does not affect the interest of farmer's children to work in agriculture.*

**Keywords:** *perception, agricultural sustainability, interest*