

KONTRIBUSI KERAGAMAN SUMBER PENDAPATAN PETANI TERHADAP TOTAL PENDAPATAN RUMAHTANGGA PETANI DI DESA BANJARARUM, KECAMATAN KALIBAWANG

Oleh:

Dani Prasetyo

11/313268/GE/07008

INTISARI

Aktivitas ekonomi yang dilakukan dalam suatu rumahtangga tani bermacam-macam mengikuti potensi fisik, sosial maupun budaya di lingkungan sekitar. Sumber pendapatan bisa berasal dari kegiatan pertanian maupun non pertanian. Tujuan dalam penelitian ini yaitu: 1) mengetahui kondisi sosial ekonomi rumahtangga tani, 2) mengetahui ragam sumber pendapatan rumahtangga tani, dan 3) mengetahui kontribusi sumber pendapatan terhadap total pendapatan rumahtangga tani.

Penelitian ini dilakukan di Desa Banjararum, Kecamatan Kalibawang. Metode penelitian ini adalah analisis data primer yang diperoleh dari hasil wawancara dengan petani. Pemilihan lokasi penelitian ini dilakukan secara *purposive* atau secara sengaja yang mengambil daerah penelitian di desa yang mempunyai lahan sawah terbesar di Kecamatan Kalibawang. Responden dipilih secara *proportional random sampling* di setiap dusun di Desa Banjararum berdasar jumlah anggota kelompok tani dengan jumlah sebanyak 60 responden. Penelitian dilakukan dengan metode kuantitatif dengan cara wawancara menggunakan kuesioner. Analisis yang digunakan berupa analisis deskriptif menggunakan tabel frekuensi untuk kondisi sosial ekonomi petani dan analisis *crosstab* untuk variasi sumber pendapatan dan kontribusinya terhadap pendapatan total rumahtangga tani.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa kondisi sosial ekonomi rumahtangga tani mayoritas memiliki kepala rumahtangga tani masih berusia produktif yang berpendidikan rendah yaitu Sekolah Dasar (SD) dan luas penguasaan lahan sawah tergolong sempit (<0,5Ha). Sumber pendapatan rumah tangga tani relatif beragam dengan mayoritas petani memiliki 1 sumber pendapatan tambahan di luar pertanian lahan sawah contohnya buruh dan pedagang. Secara umum pendapatan usahatani pertanian lahan sawah masih mendominasi kontribusi pendapatan total rumahtangga tani (40,85%), namun pada kelas pendapatan yang lebih tinggi kontribusi pendapatan pertanian semakin rendah.

Kata kunci: *petani, lahan sawah, keragaman sumber pendapatan, pendapatan dan kontribusi.*

**DIVERSITY OF SOURCES OF REVENUE CONTRIBUTION
TO FARMERS TOTAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME OF FARMER
IN THE BANJARARUM VILLAGE, KALIBAWANG DISTRICT.**

By:

Dani Prasetyo

11/313268/GE/07008

ABSTRACT

Economic activity is carried out in an assortment of farm households to follow the potential physical, social and cultural environment. The source of income could come from agricultural and non-agricultural activities. The purpose of this research are: 1) determine the socio-economic conditions of farm households, 2) know the variety of income sources of farm households, and 3) determine the contribution of revenue sources of total farm household income.

This research was conducted in the village of Banjararum, District Kalibawang. Research method is the analysis of primary data obtained through interviews with farmers. The choice of location of this research is purposive or intentional that takes research area in the village which has the largest wetland in the District Kalibawang. Respondents were selected by proportional random sampling in each hamlet in Banjararum based on the number of members of farmer groups with a total of 60 respondents. Research carried out by the quantitative method by interview using a questionnaire. The analysis used in the form of descriptive analysis using frequency tables for the socio-economic conditions of farmers and crosstab analysis for variations in income and revenue contribution to total farm households.

The results showed that the socioeconomic conditions of the majority of farm households have head farm households childbearing age with low education is elementary school (SD) and extensive wetland tenure relatively small (<0.5 hectares). Sources of farm household income is relatively diverse with the majority of farmers have one additional source of income outside of agriculture eg wetland laborers and traders. In general, farm income farming paddy fields still dominate the total revenue contribution of farm households (40.85%), but in a class higher revenue contribution of agricultural income lower.

Keywords: farmers, rice. diversity of revenue sources, income and contribution