

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

- Agoes M.R, 1996. Infeksi dan Inflamasi (Umum dan Khusus) dalam Buku Ajar Ilmu Bedah (R. Syamsuhidajat dan Wim De Jong, ed). Jakarta: EGC. Hal: 3&70
- Akinbami, F., Askari, R., Steinberg, J., Panizales, M & Rogers, S. (2011). Factors Affecting Morbidity in Emergency General Surgery. *The Amer J Surg* (201); 456-462
- Black J.G. 1999. Microbiology : Principles and Explorations. Prentice Hall, New Jersey.
- Brandt, C., Sohr, D., Daschner, F., Ruden, H., Gastmeier, P., (2004). Finding a Method for Optimizing Risk Adjustment When Comparing Surgical Site Infection Rates. *Infect Control Hosp Epidemiol*. 23 (7): 404-406.
- Brown, J., Thompson, M., Sinnya, S., Jeffery, A., de Costa, C., Woods, C., Howat, P., Raulli, A. 2013. Pre Incision Antibiotic Prophylaxis Reduce the Incidence of Post Caesarean Surgical Site Infection. *J Hosp Infect*. 83: 68-70
- Bruce., J., Russel, E.M., Mollison, J., Krukaoski, Z.H. (2001). *The measurement and of Surgical adverse events*. Health Technology Assessment, pp. 16-26.
- Burke J.P. 2003. Infection Control : A Problem for Patient Safety. *The New Eng J of Med*, Vol : 348, No :7;651-6.
- Culver, D.H., Horan, T.C., Gaynes, R.P., Martone., W.J., Jarvis., W.R., Emori, T.G., Banerjee., S.N., Edwards., J.R., Tolson, J.S., Henderson, T.S. (1991). *Surgical Wound Infection Rates by Wound Class, Operative Procedure, and Patient Risk Index: National Nosocomial Infection Surveillance System*. *Am J Med* 91 (3B), pp 1525-1575
- Darmadi. (2008). *Infeksi Nosokomial Problematika dan Pengendaliannya*. Jakarta: Salemba.
- Departemen Kesehatan RI. 2008. *Pedoman Manajerial Pencegahan dan Pengendalian Infeksi di Rumah Sakit dan Fasilitas Pelayanan Kesehatan Lainnya*. Jakarta: Departemen Kesehatan RI.
- Ezechi,O. C., Eder, A., Akinlade., Okafor. C.V. (2009). Incidence and Risk Factors for Caesarean Wound Infection in Lagos Nigeria. *BMC* 2:186.
- Fehr, J., Hatz, C., Soka, I., Kitbatala, P., Urassa, H., Smith, T., Mishinda, H., Frei, R., Widmer, A. (2006). *Risks Factors for Surgical Site Infection in Tanzanian District Hospital: A Challenge for the Traditional National Nosocomial Infections Surveillance System Index*. *Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology*, 25 (4) April, pp. 346-48.
- Garey KW., Dao T., Chen H,. Timing of Vancomycin Prophylaxis for Cardiac Surgery Patients and The Risk of Surgical Site Infections. *J Antimicrob Chemother*. 2006;58:645-50.
- Gong, S.P., Guo, H.X., Zhou, H.Z., Chen, L. & Yu, Y.H. (2012). Morbidity and Risk Factor for Surgical Site Infection Following Caesarean Section in Guangdong Province, China. *J. Obstet. Gynaecol. Res*. Vol 38 (3):509-515.

- Gruendemann, B.J., Fernsebner, B. (2006). *Buku Ajar Keperawatan Perioperatif*, Ed. 1, Penerbit Buku Kedokteran EGC: Jakarta.
- Guevara, A. Oscar., Rubio Romero. A., Jorge., Rui Parra, I., Ariel., 2013, Unplanned Reoperation: Is Emergency Surgery a Risk Factor? A Cohort Study. *Journal of Surgical Research*. 182:11-16
- Haryanti, L., Pudjiadi, A.H., Kariani, E.B., Ifran, Thayeb, A., Amir, I., Hega, B., Prevalens dan Faktor Risiko Infeksi Luka Operasi Pasca-Bedah, *Sari Pediatri*, 2013; 15(4):207-12.
- Idris, F. (2006). *Dokter Juga Manusia: Upaya Memperbaiki Mutu Pelayanan Kesehatan*, Penerbit Pengurus Besar Ikatan Dokter Indonesia, Jakarta, pp 93.
- Jong, K. (2006). *Incidence Rate dan Determinan Infeksi Nosokomial Luka Operasi di RS Martha Friska Medan*. Tesis, Universitas Sumatera Utara.
- Keliat, Y.I. (2015). *Angka Infeksi Luka Operasi dan Faktor-Faktor Risiko Infeksi Luka Operasi di Rumah Sakit Pertamina Jaya*, Tesis, Universitas Gadjah Mada.
- Kirkland, K.B., Briggs, J.P., Trivette, S.L., Wilkinsons, W.E., Sexton, D.J. (1999). The Impact of Surgical Site Infection in the 1990s: Attributable Mortality, Excess Length of Hospitalization, and Extra Cost. *Infect Control Hosp Epidemiol*. 20 (11): 725-730.
- Keputusan Direktur (2015), Kebijakan PPI di RSKBI Cawas., RSKBI Cawas: Cawas
- Loo, V.G., Mc. Lean, A.P. (2002). *Infection Control in Surgery Practice: Introduction in ACS Surgery Online*. Medscape.
- Mangram, A.J., Horan, T.C., Jones, M., Pearson, M.L., Silver, L.C., Jarvis, W.R. (1999). Guideline for Prevention of Surgical Site Infection. *Infection Control Hospital Epidemiology*, Vol 20., No.4., Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.
- Manuaba, I.A.R.W. (2006). *Faktor Risiko Klinik pada Tindakan Pembedahan Urologi di Unit Bedah Sentral Badan Rumah Sakit Umum Tabanan*. Tesis, Universitas Gadjah Mada.
- Brounton, L., Chabner, B., Knollman, B (2011). *Goodman and Gillmann's the Pharmaceutical Basis of Therapeutics 12th Ed*, McGraw Hills Company: United States
- NICE. (2013). *Surgical Site Infection Evidence Update June 2013*. National Institute for Health and Care Excellence.
- Nicholls, A., Wilson, I. (2001). *Kedokteran Perioperatif: Manajemen Pasien Bedah dengan Kelainan Medis*, Penerbit Faemedia. pp.81.
- Nurkusuma, D.D. (2009). Faktor yang berpengaruh terhadap Kejadian Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA) pada Kasus Infeksi Luka Operasi di Ruang Perawatan Bedah RS DR Kariadi Semarang. Tesis. Universitas Diponegoro.
- Pandjaitan, C. (2008). *Pedoman Buku Ajar Pencegahan dan Pengendalian Infeksi Rumah Sakit (Healthcare Associated Infections)*. Bidang Diklat Perdalim Pusat, Jakarta, pp 1

- PERMENKES, (2011), Pedoman Umum Penggunaan Antibiotik, Kementerian Kesehatan Republik Indonesia: Jakarta
- Sidik, H.P. 2001. Organisasi Panitia Pengendalian Infeksi Nosokomial. 2001. RSUD Dr. Moewardi Surakarta.
- Soletto, L., Pirard M., Marlen, Peredo, R., Vargas, R., Gianella, A., Stuyft, P.V.D. (2003). *Incidence of Surgical Site Infection and the Validity of the National Nosocomial Infections Surveillance System Risk Index in a General Surgical Ward in Santa Cruz, Bolivia*. Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology, January, pp. 26.
- Tang, R., Chen, H.H., Wang, Y.L., Changchien, C., Chen, J.S., Hsu, K.C., Chiang, J.M., Wang, J.Y. (2001). Risk Factors for Surgical Site Infection after Elective Resection of the Colon and Rectum: a Single-Center Prospective Study of 2,809 Consecutive Patients. *Ann Surg*. 234 (2): pp.181-189
- Tietejan, L., Bossemeyer, D., McIntosh, N. (2004). *Panduan Pencegahan Infeksi untuk Fasilitas Kesehatan dengan Sumber Daya Terbatas. Pencegahan Infeksi Tempat Pembedahan*. Edisi 1, Penerbit Yayasan Bina Pustaka Sarwono Prawirahardjo, Jakarta. Pp 3-9.
- Triatmodjo. 1993. Sterilitas Udara Ruang Operasi dan Peralatan Bedah serta Higiene Petugas Beberapa Rumah Sakit di Jakarta. [Http://www.kalbefarma.com/files/cdk/files/10SterilisasiUdara082.pdf](http://www.kalbefarma.com/files/cdk/files/10SterilisasiUdara082.pdf). (3 Maret 2009)
- Wenur, E.M.C. (2007). *Faktor-Faktor Risiko yang Berhubungan dengan Surgical Site Infection di Ruang Kebidanan dan Kandungan RSUD Kalooran GMIM Amurang*. Tesis, Universitas Gadjah Mada.
- World Health Organization (2005). *World Alliance for Patient Safety: Global Patient Safety Challenge 2005-2006*. Clean Care is Safer Care. Geneva, Switzerland.
- Zulkarnaen, I. 2006. Infeksi Nosokomial dalam Tim Penulis Fakultas Kedokteran Universitas Indonesia. Buku Ajar Ilmu Penyakit Dalam. Jakarta: Balai Penerbit Fakultas Kedokteran Universitas Indonesia. Hal:1749-1751.