

INTISARI

Penelitian ini menganalisis bentuk hubungan linear pertumbuhan ekonomi dan ketimpangan serta mengetahui keberadaan hipotesis Kuznets ‘U’ terbalik dan ‘S’ terbalik pada ketimpangan pendapatan di Indonesia. Metode *Autoregressive Distributed Lag* (ARDL) dan *Error Correction Model* (ECM) digunakan dalam melihat hubungan jangka panjang dan jangka pendek variabel penelitian. Penelitian menggunakan data agregat nasional tahunan dari 1985 hingga 2019. Hasil penelitian menemukan bahwa pertumbuhan ekonomi mengurangi ketimpangan dalam jangka panjang dan jangka pendek, serta terdapat indikasi fenomena kurva ‘U’ dan kurva ‘S’ pada hubungan pertumbuhan ekonomi dan ketimpangan pendapatan Indonesia.

Kata kunci: Pertumbuhan ekonomi, ketimpangan pendapatan, Indonesia, ARDL

ABSTRACT

This study analyzes the linear relationship between economic growth and inequality and finds out the existence of the Kuznets inverted 'U' hypothesis and inverted 'S' on income inequality in Indonesia. Autoregressive Distributed Lag (ARDL) and Error Correction Model (ECM) methods are used to see the long-term and short-term relationships of the research variables. Study using the annual national aggregate data from 1985 to 2019. The results of the study found that economic growth decrease inequality in the long and short term, and there is an indication of the 'U' curve and 'S' curve phenomenon on the relationship between economic growth and income inequality in Indonesia.

Keywords: Economic growth, income inequality, Indonesia, ARDL