

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

- Aryee, S., Tan, H.H., & Srinivas, E.S. (2005). Rhythms of life: antecedents and outcomes of *work-family* balance in employed parents. *Journal of Applied Psychology*, 90 (1), 132-146.
- Badan Pusat Statistik. (2017). Pekerja Masih di Dominasi Laki-Laki. Diunduh dari : [https://bisnis.tempo.co/read/872608/bps-pekerja-masih-didominasi-laki-laki tanggal 21 Maret 2018](https://bisnis.tempo.co/read/872608/bps-pekerja-masih-didominasi-laki-laki-tanggal-21-Maret-2018)).
- Badan Pusat Statistik. (2013). Pencari Kerja Terdaftar, Lowongan Kerja Terdaftar, dan Penempatan/Pemenuhan Tenaga Kerja Menurut Propinsi dan Jenis Kelamin, 2013. Diunduh dari <http://www.bps.go.id/Subjek/view/id/6#subjekviewTab1> tanggal 15 juni 2017).
- Bardoel, A. (2007). Reconciling work and family responsibilities: a global perspective. *Workshop Improving Quality of Human Life: A Multidisciplinary Approach on Strategic Relevance for Urban Issues*. Universitas Surabaya: Surabaya. Diunduh dari <http://www.buseco.monash.edu.au/mgt/research/acrew/improv-qual-human-life-indonesia-pdf>.
- Bird, J. (2003). *Work-life Balance in Organization*. Diunduh dari <http://worklifebalance.com>.
- Casper, W.J., Eby, L.T., Bordeaux, C., & Lockwood, A. (2007). A Review of Research Methods in IO/OB Work-family Research. *Journal of Applied Psychology*, 92, 28-43.
- Clark, S.C. (2000). Work/family border theory: A new theory of work/family balance. *Human Relations*, 53 (6), 747-769.
- Clark, S.C. (2001). Work culture and work-family balance. *Journal of Vocational Behavior*, 58, 348-365.
- Cresswell, J.W. (2013). *Research Design: Qualitative, Quantitative, and Mixed Methods Approaches*. *Research design Qualitative quantitative and mixed methods approaches*. California: Sage Publication.
- Cummings, T.G. & Worley, C.G. (2008). *Organization Development & Change*. USA : South-Western Cengage Learning

- Dewi, I.G.A.M. (2013). *Anteseden dan konsekwensi konflik pekerjaan-keluarga-budaya*. (Disertasi. Tidak dipublikasikan) Fakultas Ekonomi dan Bisnis. Universitas Gadjah Mada, Yogyakarta.
- Dzuhayatin, S.R. (1997). Agama dan Budaya Perempuan: Mempertanyakan Posisi Perempuan dalam Islam. Dalam I. Abdullah (ed). *Sangkan Paran Jender*. Yogyakarta: Pustaka Pelajar.
- Duxbury, L., & Higgins, C. (1991). Gender Differences in work family conflict. *Journal Applied Psychology*, 76 (1), 60-74.
- Emmons, R.A., & Crumpler, C.A. (2000). Gratitude as a human strenght: Appraising the evidence. *Journal of Social and Clinical Psychology*, 19, 56-69.
- Fischlmayr, I.C., & Kollinger, I. (2010). Work-life balance-a megglected issue among australian female expatriates. *The International Journal of Human Resources Management*, 21(4), 456-487.
- Fisher, A. (2006). *How Can I Do it All?* Diunduh dari <http://money.cnn.com/2006/03/07/news/economy/annie/fortuneanniearchive/index.htm>.
- Frone, M.R. & Carlson, D.S. (2003). Relation of behavioral and psychological involvement to a new four-factor conceptualization of work-family interference. *Journal of Business and Psychology*, 17, 515-535.
- Frone, M.R., Russel, M., & Cooper, M.L., (1992). Prevalence of work-family conflict: Are work and family boundaries asymmetrically permeable?. *Journal of Organizational Behavior*, 13, 723-729.
- Greenhaus, J.H. & Beutell, N.J. (1985). Sources of conflict between work and family roles. *Academy of Management Review*, 10, 76-78.
- Greenhaus, J.H., Collins, K.M. & Shaw, J.D. (2003). The relation between work-family balance and quality of life. *Journal of Vocational Behavior*, 63, 510-531.
- Grzywacz, J.G., & Carlson, D.S. (2007). Conceptualizing work-family balance: Implications for practise and research. *Advances in Developing Human Resources*, 9(4), 455-471.
- Handayani, A. (2013). Keseimbangan Kerja-Keluarga pada Perempuan Bekerja: Tinjauan Teori Border. *Buletin Psikologi*, 21, 90-101.
- Heckerson, E.W. (2006). The Critical Importance of Maintaining A Work-life Balance. *Nurse Leader*, 26, 1-4.

- Hewlett, S. A., Luce, C.B, & West, C. (2005). Leadership in your midst: tapping the hidden strenghts of minority executives . *Harvard Business Review*, 9, 1-9.
- Jacobson, S.W., Marjosola, I.A., (2001). Strong Objectivity and the Use of Q-Methodology in Cross-cultural Research. *Journal of Management Inquiry*, 10, 228-248.
- Juariyah, L. (2006). *Efek Saling Silang Konflik Pekerjaan Keluarga Terhadap Perilaku Withdrawal dan Well-being Pasangan Suami Istri yang Bekerja*. (Tesis. Tidak Dipublikasikan). Fakultas Psikologi Universitas Gajah Mada, Yogyakarta
- Keene, J.R., & Quadagno, J. (2004). Predictors of perceived work-family balanced: Gender difference or gender similarity. *Sociological Perspectives*, 47, 1-23.
- Kim, H.K., (2014). Work-life balance and employees' performance: The mediating role of affectice performance. *An International Journal*, 6, 37-51.
- Kirchmeyer. 2000. Dalam K.S. Lyness & M.K. Judiesch (2008). Can a manager have a life and a career? International and multisource perspectives on work-life balance and career advancement potential. *Journal of Applied Psychology*, 93, 789-805.
- Lazar, I., Osoian, C., Ratiu, P. (2010). The Role of Work-Life Balance Practices in Order to Improve Organizational Performance: *European Research Studies*, 13 (1), 201-2014.
- Lee, N.Y., Zvonkovic, A.M., Crawford, D.W. (2013). The impact of work-family conflict and facilitation on women's perceptions of role balance. *Journal of Family Issues*, 20 (10), 1-23.
- Liitlefield, K.L. (2004). Quality of Work Life Issues The Needs of Dual-Career Couple Employee-Perceptions of Personal Practices : A Study of Rural America A barometer for Human Resources Managers. *Proceedings of the Academy of Organizational Culture, Communications and Conflict*, 8, 27-34.
- Lyness, K.S., Kropf, M.B. (2005). The relationship of national gender equality and organizational support with work-family balance: A study of European Managers. *Human Relations*, 58 (1), 33-60.
- Marks, S. R., & MacDermid, S. M. (1996). Multiple roles and the self: A theory of role balance. *Journal of Marriage & the Family*, 58, 417-432.

- McNamara, T.K., Pitt-Catsoupes, M., matz-Costa, C., Brown, M., Valcour, M. (2012). Accross the continuum of satisfaction with work-family balance: work hours, flexibility-fit, and work-family culture. *Social Science Research*, 42, 283-299.
- Moleong, L.J. (2012). *Metodologi Penelitian Kualitatif*. Bandung: PT. Remaja Rosda Karya.
- Moustakas, C. (1994). *Phenomenological Research Method*. London: Sage Publications, Inc.
- Nelson, D.L., & Burke, R.J. (2002). *Gender Workstress and Health*. Washington, DC: American Psychology Association.
- Parsons. (2002). Work-life balance: *A case of social responsibility or competitive advantage?* Diunduh dari <http://www.Worklifebalance.com>.
- Paulose, S. & Sudarsan, N. (2014). Work-life balance: A conceptual review. *International Journal of Advances in Management and Economics*, 3 (2), 1-17.
- Petek, P., Gajsek, T., & Ster, M.P, (2016). Work-family balance by women GP specialist trainees in slovenia: a qualitative study. *Bio Medical Education*, 16, 1-10.
- Poelmans, S.A.Y. (2005). *Work and Family: An International Research Perspective*. New Jersey: Erlbaum.
- Poerwandari, E.K. (2007). *Pendekatan Kualitatif untuk Penelitian Perilaku Manusia*. Jakarta: Lembaga pengembangan sarana pengukuran dan pendidikan psikologi (LPSP3) Fakultas Psikologi Universitas Indonesia.
- Pradhan, R. K., Jena, L. K., & Kumari, I. G. (2016). Effect of work-life balance on organizational citizenship behavior: Role of organization commitment. *Global Business Review*, 17(35), 155-295.
- Puspitawati, H. & Sari, E.P.M (2008). Strategi penyeimbangan antara aktivitas pekerjaan dan keluarga pada wanita bekerja di Bogor. *Media Gizi dan Keluarga*. 1(20), 1-10.
- Saginak & Saginak. (2005). Balancing work and family: equity, gender and marital satisfaction. *The Family Journal*, 13, 162-166.
- Sandoltz, K., Derr, B, Bucknerr, K., & Carlson, D. (2002). *Beyond Juggling: Rebalancing Your Busy Life*. San Fransisco: Berret-Koehler Publishers, Inc.

- Spector, P.E., Cooper, C.L., Pelmans, S., Allen, T.D., O'Driscoll, M., Sanchez, J.J. (2004). A Cross-national comparative study of work-family stressors, working hours, and well-being: China and Latin America versus the Anglo world. *Personnel Psychology*, 57, 119-142.
- Stake, R. (1995). *The Art of Case Study Research*. New York: Sage Publications, Inc.
- Strauss, A. & Corbin, J. (1990). *Basic of Qualitative Research Grounded Theory Procedures and Techniques*. California: Sage Publication.
- Strauss, A. & Corbin, J. (2007). *Dasar-dasar Penelitian Kualitatif: Tata langkah dan Teknik-teknik Teoritisasi Data*. Terjemahan. Yogyakarta: Pustaka Pelajar.
- Sugiyono. (2014). *Memahami Penelitian Kualitatif*. Bandung: Alfabeta.
- Utami, D.S., (2011). *Strategi Work-life Balance pada Dosen Perempuan Berperan Ganda (Studi kasus di program studi arsitektur)*. (Tesis. Tidak Dipublikasikan). Fakultas Psikologi. Universitas Gajah Mada, Yogyakarta.
- Utami, D.S., Putri, M.G.A., & Lasmana, B. (2008). *Perbandingan Work-Family Role di India dan Indonesia*. (Laporan Penelitian. Tidak Diterbitkan). Fakultas Psikologi. Universitas Gadjah Mada, Yogyakarta.
- Valcour, M. (2007). Work-based resources as moderators of the relationship between work hours and satisfaction with work-family balance. *Journal of Applied Psychology*, 6, 1512-1523.
- Voydanoff, P. (2005). Consequences of boundary-spanning demands and resources for work-to-family conflict and perceived stress. *Journal of Occupational Health Psychology*, 10, 491-503.
- Watanabe, S., Yonetani, Y., & Kanazawa, Y. (2007). On the relationship among organizational family supportiveness, work-family conflict, and turnover intention: evidence on Japanese men. *Journal Human Development and Management*, 7(3), 319-334.
- Woodward, D. (2007). Work-life balancing strategies used by women managers in British "modern" universities. *Equal Opportunities International*, 6-17.
- Yin, R.K. (1994). *Case Study Research: Design and Methods*. 2nd edition. California: Sage Publications.