

Tinjauan Yuridis Pengelolaan Sampah Pasar

(Studi Kasus Pengelolaan Sampah di Pasar Bantul Kabupaten Bantul – Yogyakarta)

Imas Jati Wicaksono¹, Wahyu Yun Santoso²

INTISARI

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menganalisis pengelolaan sampah di Pasar Bantul ditinjau dari ketentuan perundang-undangan terkait mengenai persampahan, serta hambatan maupun peluang yang ada dalam pengelolaan sampah di Kabupaten Bantul pada umumnya.

Penelitian ini merupakan penelitian hukum empiris, dengan melakukan penelusuran lapangan pada Tempat Pengumpulan Sampah Sementara (TPS) Pasar Bantul. Data primer didapatkan dari wawancara terhadap responden yang meliputi petugas sampah yang bertugas di TPS, serta pedagang pasar yang memanfaatkan TPS tersebut. Sementara narasumber berasal dari instansi terkait pengelolaan sampah di Pasar Bantul yang meliputi Lurah Pasar, staf dari Dinas Lingkungan Hidup Daerah, serta Dinas Kesehatan Kabupaten Bantul.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa pengelolaan sampah di Pasar Bantul, utamanya dalam kegiatan pemilahan, pengumpulan, pengangkutan, serta pengolahan sampahnya belum dilaksanakan secara optimal sesuai ketentuan perundang-undangan. Ketiadaan fasilitas pemilah sampah yang dilengkapi dengan sekat pemilah, kurangnya kesadaran warga pasar dalam pemilahan sampah, maupun isu retribusi sampah menjadi permasalahan utamanya. Peluang dalam pengolahan sampah di TPS Pasar Bantul adalah pupuk kompos hasil dari pengolahan sampah organik dari pasar meskipun belum optimal dikelola.

Kata Kunci: *pengolahan sampah, sampah pasar, Bantul*

¹ Konsentrasi Hukum Lingkungan, Fakultas Hukum Universitas Gadjah Mada.

² Dr, S.H, M.Hum, LL.M, Departemen Hukum Lingkungan, Fakultas Hukum Universitas Gadjah Mada.

Legal Review on Market Waste Management

(Study of Waste Management in Bantul Market, Bantul Regency - Yogyakarta)

Imas Jati Wicaksono³, Wahyu Yun Santoso⁴

ABSTRACT

This research aims to analyse waste management activities in Bantul Market, based on related regulative aspects, to what extent its compliance with positive regulations on waste management, and obstacles as well as potent within the implementation.

The method for this research is based on empirical study. Primary data were collected during the field research on the temporary waste collecting site (TPS) in Bantul Market. The respondent for the study include TPS worker and sample of marketers whose activities in Bantul Market. Resource persons for the research include Head (Lurah) of Bantul Market, staff from Regional Environmental Agency as well as from Health Agency.

Research result shows that the waste management activities in Bantul Market, particularly on waste sorting-collecting-transporting-processing were not optimally done. Less facilities for sorting, low awareness of concerned public for waste sorting activities, and waste retribution fee issue are among the main issues aroused. The potent in the market waste management is composting activities that could be managed more for its effectivity.

Keywords: *waste management, market waste, Bantul*

¹ Concentration on Environmental Law Faculty of Law, Universitas Gadjah Mada.

² Dr, S.H, M.Hum, LL.M, Enviromental Law Department, Faculty of Law, Universitas Gadjah Mada.