

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

- Acar, G. B., & Pinar, G. (2015). Perspectives Of Women During Reproductive Years For Cervical Cancer Scans And Influencing Factors. *Asian Pacific Journal of Cancer Prevention*, 16, 7171–7178. <https://doi.org/DOI:http://dx.doi.org/10.7314/APJCP.2015.16.16.7171>
- Ajzen, I. (1985). *From Intentions to Actions: A Theory of Planned Behavior. Action Control*, 11–39.doi:10.1007/978-3-642-69746-3_2
- Ali-Risasi, C.,Mulumba, P.,Verdonck, K., Broeck, D.,Praet, M. (2014). Knowledge, attitude and practice about cancer of the uterine cervix among women living in Kinshasa, the Democratic Republic of Congo. *BMC Women's Health* 2014, 14:30
- American Cancer Society. (2017). *Cancer Facts And Figure 2017*, diakses dari <https://www.cancer.org/research/cancer-facts-statistics/all-cancer-facts-figures/cancer-facts-figures-2017.html> , pada 2 Maret 2018 pukul 03.00
- Arbyn M, Xu L, Simoens C, Martin-Hirsch PPL. (2018). Prophylactic vaccination against human papillomaviruses to prevent cervical cancer and its precursors (Review). *Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews* 2018, Issue 5. Art. No.: CD009069. DOI: 10.1002/14651858.CD009069.pub3
- Assoumou, S., Mabika, B., Mbiguino, A., Mouallif., M., Khattabi, A., Ennaji, M. (2015). Awareness and knowledge regarding of cervical cancer, Pap smear screening and human papillomavirus infection in Gabonese women. *BMC Women's Health*. 15:37. .
- Ayinde, O., Omigbodun, A., Ilesanmi., A. (2004). Awareness of Cervical Cancer, Papanicolaou's Smear and Its Utilisation among Female Undergraduates in Ibadan. *African Journal of Reproductive Health*. 8[3]:68-80
- Biro Tata Pemerintah Setda DIY. (2017). *Jumlah Penduduk Kabupaten Sleman, Menurut Status Perkawinan Semester II 2017*. Diakses dari <http://www.kependudukan.jogjaprovo.go.id> pada tanggal 3 Maret 2018 pukul 19.00
- Budkaew, J., Chumworathayi, B. (2014). Factors Associated with Decisions to Attend Cervical Cancer Screening among Women Aged 30-60 Years in Chatapadung Contracting Medical Unit, Thailand. *Asian Pac J Cancer Prev*. 15 (12). 4903-4907
- CDC. (2003). *Cervical Cancer Basic Facts On Screening And The Pap Test*. Diakses dari https://www.cdc.gov/cancer/cervical/pdf/cc_basic.pdf pada 14 Februari 2018 pukul 22.00
- CDC. (2016). *Cervical cancer*. CDC Publication, (Desember). Diakses dari www.cdc.gov/cancer/knowledge pada tanggal 20 Desember 2017 pukul 20.30
- CDC. (2017). *What Can I Do to Reduce My Risk of Cervical Cancer?.* Diakses dari https://www.cdc.gov/cancer/cervical/basic_info/prevention.htm, pada 2 September 2017 pukul 10.00.
- CDC. (2018). *Cervical Cancer*. Diakses dari <https://www.cdc.gov/cancer/cervical/> pada tanggal 23 Maret 2018 pukul 21.00

- Champion, V. L., & Skinner, C. S. (2008). *Health Behavior And Health Education : Theory, Research, And Practice 4th Edition*, Chapter 3 The Health Belief Model. San Francisco: Jossey-Bass A Wiley Imprint.
- Chang, H. K., Myong, J. P., Byun, S. W., Lee, S. J., Lee, Y. S., Lee, H. N., (2017). Factor Associated with Participant in Cervical Cancer Screening among young Koreans : A Nationwide Crossectional Study. *BMJ*. doi:10.1136/bmjopen-2016-013868
- Dalimartha, S. (2004). *Deteksi Dini Kanker*. Jakarta : penerbit swadaya.
- Datta, G.D., Subramaniana, S.V., Colditza, G.A., Kawachia, Ichiro., Palmer, Julie R., & Rosenberg, Lynn. (2006). Individual, neighborhood, and state-level predictors of smoking among US Black women: A multilevel analysis. *Social Science & Medicine* 63 (2006), 1034-1044. doi:10.1016/j.socscimed.2006.03.010.
- Devara, C.D., Haryani, Hapsari, Elsi. D. (2018). *Uji Validitas Dan Reliabilitas Cervical Cancer Awareness Measure (Cervical Cam) Versi Indonesia*. Skripsi. Universitas Gadjah Mada.
- Dewi, L. (2014). *Faktor – Faktor Yang Berhubungan Dengan Perilaku Wanita Usia Subur Dalam Deteksi Dini Kanker Serviks Dengan Metode Pemeriksaan Inspeksi Visual Asam Asetat (Iva) Di Wilayah Kerja Puskesmas Tanjung Hulu Pontianak Timur*. Skripsi. Pontianak : Program Studi Keperawatan Fakultas Kedokteran Universitas Tanjungpura
- Diananda, R. (2012). *Mengenal Seluk Beluk Kanker*. Yogyakarta: Kata Hati
- Dinas Kesehatan Kota Yogyakarta. (2015). *Profil Kesehatan Tahun 2015 Kota Yogyakarta (Data Tahun 2014)*. Profil Kesehatan Tahun 2015 Kota Yogyakarta
- Eroschenko, V. P. (2008). Female Reproductive System. *diFiore's Atlas Of Histology With Functional Correlations* (pp. 469-472). Piladelphia, United States America: Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.
- Fang, L., Hsiu, W., Yung, Y., Joh, H., Hsiu, T. (2016). Influencing Factors of Intention to Receive Pap Tests in Vietnamese Women who Immigrated to Taiwan for Marriage. *Asian Nursing Research* xxx (2016) 1-6.
- Febriani, C. A. (2016). *Faktor-Faktor Yang Berhubungan Dengan Deteksi Dini Kanker Leher Rahim Di Kecamatan Gisting Kabupaten Tanggamus Lampung*. *Jurnal Kesehatan*, VII(2), 228-237.
- Foxwell, M., Alder E. (1993). *More information equates with less anxiety. Reducing anxiety in cervical screening*. 9(1):32-6.
- Gakidou., & Nordhagen, S., Z. O. (2008). Coverage of Cervical Cancer Screening in 57 Countries : Low Average Levels and Large Inequalities. *PLoS Medicine*, 5(6), 863–868. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pmed.0050132>
- Gartner, L. P., & Hiatt, J. L. (2007). Sistem Reproduksi Perempuan. (I. A. Suryono, L. Damayanti, & S. Wonodirekso, Penerj.) *Buku Ajar Berwarna Histologi* (pp. 978-981). Singapore: Elsevier.
- Ghim, S.J., Basu, P. S., & Jenson, AB. (2002). Cervical Cancer: Etiology, Pathogenesis, Treatment, and Future. *Asian Pacific Journal of Cancer Prevention*, 3, 207-214.

- Ginting, E. (2012). *Strategi Komunikasi dan Tingkat Kesadaran Kesehatan*. Skripsi. Universitas Sumatera Utara. Diakses dari <http://jurnal.usu.ac.id> pada tanggal 12 Maret 2018 pukul 22.00.
- GLOBOCAN. (2012). *WHO Fact Sheet: All Cancers (excluding non –melanoma skin cancer) Estimated Incidence, Mortality and Prevalence Worldwide in 2012*. Diakses dari http://globocan.iarc.fr/Pages/fact_sheet_cancer.aspx, pada 1 September 2017 pukul 19.00.
- Grigore, M. *et al.* (2018). Perception and use of Pap smear screening among rural and urban women in Romania. *European Journal of Public Health*, 27(May), 1084–1088. <https://doi.org/10.1093/eurpub/ckx112>
- Gustiana, D., Dewi, Y., Nurchayati, S. (2014). Faktor-Faktor Yang Berhubungan Dengan Perilaku Pencegahan Kanker Serviks Pada Wanita Usia Subur. *JOM PSIK VOL.1 NO.2*
- Hayden, J. (2013). *Introduction to Health Behavior Theory* (Second Edi). Jones and Bartlett Publishers.
- Heny L. (2016). Knowledge, Interest And Participation Of Women Taking IVA Test Post Cervical Cancer Educationat Caturharjo Village Sleman Yogyakarta. Skripsi. Yogyakarta : Univeritas ‘Aisyah Yogyakarta
- Hoffman, B. L., Schorge, J., Bradshaw, K D., Halvorson, L. M., Schaffer, J. I., & Corton, M. M. (2016). Cervical Cancer. *Williams Gynecology* (3rd ed, pp. 657-676). MC Graw Hill.
- Idehen, E., Korhonen, T., Castaneda, A., Juntunen, T., Kangasniemi, M., Pietilä, A., & Koponen, P. (2017). Factors associated with cervical cancer screening participation among immigrants of Russian, Somali and Kurdish origin: a population-based study in Finland. *BMC Women's Health*, 17:19, 1-10. Doi: 10.1186/s12905-017-0375-1
- Indrawati, A. (2010). *Hubungan Pengetahuan Tentang Kanker Leher Rahim Dengan Motivasi Untuk Melakukan Pap Smear Di Ruang Melati RSUP Dr. Soeradji Tirtonegoro Klaten Jawa Tengah*. Universitas Gadjah Mada.
- Isnati. (2012). Kesehatan Modern Dengan Nuansa Budaya. *Jurnal Kesehatan Masyarakat*, 7(1), 39-44. <http://doi.org/10.24893/jkma.7.39-44.2012>
- Jalilian, F., Emdadi, S. (2011). Factors Related to Regular Undergoing Pap-smear Test: Application of Theory of Planned Behavior. *Journal of Research in Health Sciences*. 11(2): 103-108.
- Janz, N. K., & Becker, M. H. (1984). The Health Belief Model: A Decade Later. *Health Education Quarterly*, 11(1), 1–47. <https://doi.org/10.1177/109019818401100101>
- Jeihooni, A., Kashfi, S., Bahmandost, M., & Kashfi, S.H. (2015). The Survey of Factors Affecting *Pap Smears* Based on Health Belief Model in Health Centers in Fasa, Fars Province, Iran. *Women's Health Bull.* October; 2(4): e25565, 1-6. doi: 10.17795/whb-25565
- Joseph, N. P., Clark, J. A., Bauchner, H., Walsh, J. P., Mercilus, G., Figaro, J., & Perkins, R. B. (2012). Knowledge, Attitudes, and Beliefs Regarding HPV Vaccination: Ethnic and Cultural Differences Between African-American and Haitian Immigrant Women. *Women's Health Issues*, 22(6), e571–e579. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.whi.2012.09.003>

- Juntasopeepun et.al. (2011). Human papillomavirus vaccination intention among young women in Thailand. *Asian Pacific Journal of Cancer Prevention*, 12(12), 3213–3219.
- Kapeu AS., Luostarinen T., Jellum E., Dillner J., Hakama M., Koskela P., Lenner P., Löve A., Mahlamaki E., Thoresen S., Tryggvadóttir L., Wadell G., Youngman L., & Lehtinen M. (2009). Is smoking an independent risk factor for invasive cervical cancer? A nested case-control study within Nordic biobanks. *Am J Epidemiol*, 169(4):480-8. doi: 10.1093/aje/kwn354
- Karimi M, Ghofranipour FA, & Heydarnia AR. (2009). The Effect Of Health Education Based On Health Belief Model On Preventive Actions Of AIDS On Addict In Zarandieh. *J Guilan Univ Med Sci*. 18 (70):64–73.
- Kemdikbud. (2017). *Kamus Besar Bahasa Indonesia Online atau Daring Versi 2.0*. Diakses dari <http://kbbi.web.id/ingin> pada 22 Februari pukul 20.00.
- Kemdikbud. (2017). *Kamus Besar Bahasa Indonesia Online atau Daring Versi 2.0*. Diakses dari <https://kbbi.web.id/sadar> pada 2 Maret pukul 01.00
- Kemenkes. (2016). *Pekan Deteksi Dini Kanker pada Perempuan Di DKI Jakarta*. Diakses dari www.depkes.go.id/.../pekan-deteksi-dini-kanker-pada-perempuan-di-dki-jakarta-.html. pada 5 April 2018 pukul 23.00
- Kementerian Kesehatan. (2015). *Situasi Penyakit Kanker. Infodatin, Pusat Data dan Informasi Kementerian Kesehatan RI*. <https://doi.org/10.1017/CBO9781107415324.004>
- Kitchener, H. C., & Symonds, P. (1999). Detection of cervical intraepithelial neoplasia in developing countries. *Lancet*, 353(9156), 856–857. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736\(98\)00417-6](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736(98)00417-6)
- Komalasari K.W. (2012). *Tingkat Pengetahuan Mahasiswa Fakultas Kedokteran Universitas Diponegoro Angkatan 2011 Terhadap Pencegahan Kanker Leher Rahim*. Skripsi. Semarang : Fakultas Kedokteran Universitas Diponegoro
- Lestari, I.S. (2016). *Faktor-Faktor Yang Mempengaruhi Kesiediaan Wus Dalam Melakukan Deteksi Dini Kanker Serviks Di Puskesmas Manahan Surakarta*. Skripsi. Universitas Muhammadiyah Surakarta. Diakses dari <http://eprints.ums.ac.id/id/eprints/45708> pada tanggal 19 Februari pukul 23.00.
- Ma,G., Gaon, W., Fang,, C., Tan,Y., Feng, Z., Ge, S., & Nguyen, J. (2013). Health Beliefs Associated with Cervical Cancer Screening Among Vietnamese Americans. *Journal Of Women's Health*, 22(3), 276-288. doi: 10.1089/jwh.2012.3587
- Maharsie, L. & Indarwati. (2012). Hubungan Pengetahuan tentang Kanker Serviks dengan Keikutsertaan Ibu melakukan IVAtest di Kelurahan Jebres Surakarta. *Gaster*, 9(2), 46-54.
- Martini. (2013). *Hubungan karakteristik, pengetahuan dan sikap wanita pasangan usia subur dengan tindakan pemeriksaan papsmear di Puskesmas Sukawati II*. Tesis diterbitkan. Denpasar: Program Pascasarjana Universitas Udayana.
- Mehta, V., Vasanth, V., & Balachandran, C. (2009). *Pap Smear*. *Indian J Dermatol Venereol Leprol*, 75(2), 214-216.

- Miri, M. R., Moodi, M., & Malaki, H. (2018). *Cognitive predictors of cervical cancer screening 's stages of change among sample of Iranian women health volunteers : A path analysis*, 1–11.
- Moreno V., Bosch FX., Muñoz N., Meijer CJ., Shah KV., Walboomers JM., Herrero R., & Franceschi S. (2002). Effect of oral contraceptives on risk of cervical cancer in women with human papillomavirus infection: the IARC multicentric case-control study. *Lancet*, 359(9312):1085-92. doi :10.1016/S0140-6736(02)08150-3.
- Ncube, B., Bey, A., Knight, J., Bessler, P., Jolly., P.E. (2015). Factors Associated with the Uptake of Cervical Cancer Screening Among Women in Portland, Jamaica. *North American Journal of Medical Science* , 7(3), 104-113. DOI: 10.4103/1947-2714.153922.
- NHS UK. (2015). *Cervical Screening*. Diakses dari <https://www.nhs.uk/conditions/cervical-screening/> pada 4 Desember 2017 pukul 20.00.
- Notoatmodjo. (2005). *Promosi kesehatan teori dan Aplikasi*, Jakarta : PT Rineka Cipta
- Nugrahani, R.R., Budhiastuti, U.R., & Pamungkasari, E. P. (2017). Health Belief Model on the Factors Associated with the Use of HPV Vaccine for the Prevention of Cervical Cancer among Women in Kediri, East Java. *Journal of Epidemiology and Public Health*, 2(1): 70-8.
- Nuranna, L. (2008). *Skrining Kanker Serviks dengan Metode IVA*. *Jurnal Dunia Kedokteran*
- Oktaviana, M. N. (2015). *Hubungan Antara Persepsi Kerentanan Individu, Keseriusan Penyakit, Manfaat Dan Hambatan Dengan Penggunaan Skrining Inspeksi Visual Asam Asetat Pada Wanita Usia Subur*. Surakarta: Program Pascasarjana, Magister Ilmu Kesehatan Masyarakat, Universitas Sebelas Maret.
- Okunowo, A., Daramola, E., Soibi-Harry, A., Ezenwankwo, F., Kuku, J., Okunade, K., Anorlu, R. (2018). Women's Knowledge Of Cervical Cancer And Uptake Of Pap Smear Testing And The Factors Influencing It In A Nigerian Tertiary Hospital. *Journal of Cancer Research and Practice* 5. 105-111
- Omposunggu, F., & Bukti, E. K.. (2012). Karakteristik, Hambatan Wanita Usia Subur Melakukan *Pap Smear* Di Puskesmas Kedai Durian. <https://jurnal.usu.ac.id/index.php/jkk/article/view/97> diakses pada 1 September 2017 pukul 21:00.
- Ortiz, A.P., Hebi, S., Serano, R., Fernandez, M.E., Suarez, E., Luna, G.T. (2010). Factors Associated With Cervical Cancer Screening in Puerto Rico. *Preventing Chronic Disease Public Health Research, Practice, And Policy*, 7(3), 1-10.
- Philips, Z., Avis, M., & Whyne, D.K. (2005). Knowledge of cervical cancer and screening among women in east-central England. *International Journal of Gynecological Cancer*, 15(4), 639-645.

- Philips, Z., Avis, M., Whynes, D. (2005). Knowledge of cervical cancer and screening among women in east-central England. *International Journal of Gynecological Cancer*. Vol (15): 639–645
- Pustaka, S., & Rasjidi, I. (2009). Epidemiologi Kanker Serviks. *Cancer*, III(3), 103–108.
- Ratnasari, D., Kartika, S. (2016). Hubungan Antara Pengetahuan Mengenai Kanker Serviks Terhadap Keikutsertaan Pada Program Deteksi Dini Kanker Serviks Di Kecamatan Cilongok Kabupaten Banyumas. *SAINTEKS*. Volume XII(2): (60 – 71)
- Naggar, R., Low, W., Isa, Z. (2010). Knowledge and Barriers Towards Cervical Cancer Screening Among Young Women in Malaysia. *Asian Pacific J Cancer Prev*, 11, 867-873
- Rees, I., Jones, D., Chen, H., Macleod, U. (2018). Interventions to improve the uptake of cervical cancer screening among lower socioeconomic groups: A systematic review. *Preventive Medicine*, (October), 1–13. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ypmed.2017.11.019>
- Rosenstock, IM., Strecher VJ., & Becker MH. (1988). Social learning theory and the health belief model. *Health Educ*, 15:175–83.
- Sahin, M., Sahun, G. Dikici, M., Igde, F., Yaris F. (2014). Women’s Perceptions and Attitudes about Cervical Cancer in Turkey: Kato’s Device as an Alternative to the Pap Smear. *Asian Pac J Cancer Prev*, 15 (2), 905-910
- Sarini, N. (2011). Faktor-faktor yang berhubungan dengan perilaku pemeriksaan pap smear pada wanita usia subur di Desa Pacung, Wilayah Kerja Puskesmas Tejakula II, Kecamatan Tejakula, Kabupaten Buleleng, Provinsi Bali Tahun 2011. Skripsi. Jakarta : Universitas Indonesia.
- Schorage, J. O., Schaffer, J. I., Halvorson, L. M., Hoffman, B. L., Bradshaw, K. D., & Cunningham, F. G. (2008). Cervical Cancer. *Williams Gynecology* (pp. 646-664). United States: Mc Graw Hill.
- Shobeiri, F., Javad, M. T., & Parsa, P. (2016). Effects of Group Training Based on the Health Belief Model on Knowledge and Behavior Regarding the Pap Smear Test in Iranian Women : a Quasi-Experimental Study. *Asian Pacific Journal of Cancer Prevention*, 17, 2871–2876.
- Siagian, E. (2015). Faktor-Faktor Yang Berhubungan Dengan Motivasi Pemeriksaan *Pap Smear* Pada Karyawati. *Jurnal Skolastik Keperawatan*, 1(1), 51-56.
- Simon, A. E., Wardle, J., Grimmett, C., Power, E., Corker, E., Menon, U., & Waller, J. (2012). Ovarian And Cervical Cancer Awareness : Development Of Two Validated Measurement Tool. *J Fam Plann Reprod Health Care*, 38(3) 167–174. <https://doi.org/10.1136/jfprhc-2011-100118>
- Sumarmi. (2017). *Intention and Health Beliefs to Undergo Cervical Cancer Screening among Indonesian Women*. Tesis. National Cheng Kung University. Diakses dari <http://ir.lib.ncku.edu.tw/handle/987654321/171739> pada 19 Maret 2018 pukul 19.00.
- Susilaningrum, A. (2018). Hubungan Kepercayaan Kesehatan Dan Tingkat Keinginan Untuk Melakukan Deteksi Dini Kanker Serviks (*Pap Smear*)

Pada Wanita Yang Sudah Menikah. Skripsi. Yogyakarta : Univeristas Gadjah Mada

- Szarewski, A. (2012). HPV Vaccination and Cervical Cancer. *Current Oncology Reports*. 14(6), 559-567. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11912-012-0259-3>
- Trieu, SL, Naomi, NM, Marshak, HH, Males, MA, & Bratton, SI. (2008). Factors associated with the decision to obtain an HIV test among Chinese/ Chinese American community college women in Northern California. *Califor J Health Promo*, 6 (1):111–127.
- UCL Health Behaviour Research *et al.* (2008). *Cervical Cancer Awareness Measure (Cervical CAM) Toolkit*. Cancer, 1–77. Diakses dari http://www.cancerresearchuk.org/sites/default/files/health_professional_cervical_cancer_awareness_measure_toolkit_version_2.1_09.02.11.pdf pada 3 Desember 2017 pukul 21.00.
- Visanuyothin, S., Chompikul, J., & Mongkolchati, A. (2015). Determinants of cervical cancer screening adherence in urban areas of Nakhon Ratchasima Province, Thailand. *Journal of Infection and Public Health*, 8(6), 543–552. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jiph.2015.04.018>
- Wahyuni, S. (2013). Faktor-Faktor Yang Mempengaruhi Perilaku Deteksi Dini Kanker Serviks Di Kecamatan Ngampel Kabupaten Kendal Jawa Tengah. *Jurnal Keperawatan Maternitas*. 1(1): 55-60
- Wawan, A., & Dewi. (2010). *Teori dan pengukuran pengetahuan dan perilaku manusia*. Yogyakarta: Nuha Medika.
- WHO. (2014). *Comprehensive Cervical Cancer Control : A Guide to Essential Practive (Second Edition)*. Geneva: World Health Organization. ISBN 978 92 4 154895 3.
- WHO. (2015). *Cervical Cancer*. Diakses dari <http://www.who.int/cancer/prevention/diagnosis-screening/cervical-cancer/en/> pada 23 Februari 2018 pukul 22.00.
- Wigati, PW. (2016) *Analisis Jalur Dengan Health Belief Model Tentang Penggunaan Skrining Inspeksi Visual Asam Asetat Untuk Deteksi Dini Kanker Serviks Pada Wanita Usia Subur Di Kota Kediri*. Skripsi. Universitas Sebelas Maret. Daikses dari <https://eprints.uns.ac.id/id/eprint/28793> pada 3 April 2018 pukul 23.00.
- Winarti, A. (2010). *Keikutsertaan Skrining Kanker Serviks (Metode Pap Smear) Oleh Perawat Dan Bidan Di RSUD Banjarbaru*. Tesis. Universitas Gadjah Mada.
- Wulandari, R. (2017). Hubungan Pengetahuan Kanker Serviks Dengan Perilaku Melakukan Iva Atau Pap Smear Pada Ibu-Ibu Usia 25-50 Tahun Di Dusun Greges Donotirto Kretek Bantul Yogyakarta. Skripsi. Yogyakarta : Universitas ‘Aisyiyah Yogyakarta.