

**Hambatan Ratifikasi Perjanjian Ekstradisi
Indonesia – Singapura :
Suatu Tinjauan Politik Hukum Internasional**

**Obstacle In The Ratification Of
Indonesia-Singapore's Extradition Treaty :
The Politic Of International Law Perspective**

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ABSTRACT

The purpose of this research is to analyse the cause of Indonesia-Singapore's Extradition Treaty haven't been ratified yet, and to analyse the interest of both countries willing to sign the extradition treaty. This research uses national interest concept of Hans Morgenthau, es, International treaty concept, and extradition concept. The research question are why the treaty of Indonesia-Singapura's extradition has not been ratified by both country and what the interest of both countries signs the treaty ?

The method uses in this research is qualitative explanatif . The data source collection is done through interview, document, books, newspapers and magazine, and internet site. The data were analyzed by using qualitative method and then be interpreted by logic.

By using the national interest concept, the result of research show that in making of a international law product in the form of extradition treaty, the parties hardly influenced by national interest of each, either politically, economic or security and safety. Pursued it by process of upper ratification of the extradition treaty among the parties is caused by the interest between two countries which is very different. Indonesia wishes the return of the corruptors to conduct the process



of law in Indonesia, including the return of assets of corruption result. While Singapore wishes upper ratification of the extradition treaty is parallel with ratification defence cooperation agreement, enabling Singapore can conduct military training with third party in Indonesia teritory.

Keywords : extradition, international treaty, national interest.