

## **SINTESIS NANOPARTIKEL $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{SiO}_2/\text{ZnO}$ SEBAGAI FOTOKATALIS UNTUK FOTODEGRADASI *REMAZOL BLACK* DALAM LIMBAH BATIK**

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### **INTISARI**

Sintesis nanopartikel  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{SiO}_2/\text{ZnO}$  telah dilakukan. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk melakukan sintesis dan karakterisasi fotokatalis nanopartikel  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{SiO}_2/\text{ZnO}$  yang memiliki band gap pada daerah sinar UV, melakukan pengujian aktivitas  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{SiO}_2/\text{ZnO}$  sebagai fotokatalis untuk fotodegradasi zat warna *remazol black* dalam limbah batik.

Penelitian ini diawali dengan sintesis  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4$  dari  $\text{FeCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$  dan  $\text{FeSO}_4 \cdot 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$ .  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4$  yang telah terbentuk dilapisi dengan TEOS untuk memperoleh  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{SiO}_2$ . Nanopartikel target diperoleh dengan melapisi  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{SiO}_2$  dengan  $\text{Zn}(\text{Ac})_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . Hasil sintesis dikarakterisasi dengan FTIR, XRD, TEM, EDX dan SR UV-Vis. Aktivitas fotokatalis  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{SiO}_2/\text{ZnO}$  dilakukan melalui fotodegradasi limbah batik pada reaktor fotokatalisis.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa sintesis nanopartikel  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{SiO}_2/\text{ZnO}$  telah berhasil dilakukan. Keberadaan  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4$ ,  $\text{SiO}_2$  dan  $\text{ZnO}$  terlihat dengan adanya pita serapan pada bilangan gelombang secara berurutan 563; 895; 1126 dan 447  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . Puncak difraksi pada  $2\theta$ : 30,20; 35,46; 42,83; 57,20 dan 62,85° mengindikasikan keberadaan  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4$ . Keberadaan  $\text{ZnO}$  dibuktikan dengan adanya puncak difraksi pada  $2\theta$  berturut-turut 30,52; 35,65; 47,00; 57,35; 63,02; 66,77 dan 68,63°. Ukuran  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4$ ,  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{SiO}_2$ ,  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{SiO}_2/\text{ZnO}$  secara berurutan adalah: 10,5; 12,6; dan 15,3 nm. Energi celah pita nanopartikel  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{SiO}_2/\text{ZnO}$  adalah 3,32 eV. Nanopartikel  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{SiO}_2/\text{ZnO}$  mampu mendegradasi *remazol black* dalam limbah batik di bawah penyinaran UV. Fotodegradasi berlangsung optimum pada waktu penyinaran 24 jam, pH 2 dan massa fotokatalis 8 mg dengan degradasi sebesar 54,23 %.

Kata kunci: fotodegradasi, fotokatalis, nanopartikel,  $\text{ZnO}$ .

***SYNTHESIS OF  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{SiO}_2/\text{ZnO}$  NANOPARTICLE AS A  
PHOTOCATALYST FOR PHOTODEGRADATION OF REMAZOL BLACK  
IN BATIK WASTE***

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**ABSTRACT**

Synthesis of  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{SiO}_2/\text{ZnO}$  nanoparticle has been performed. This study aimed to synthesize and characterize  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{SiO}_2/\text{ZnO}$  nanoparticle photocatalysts which has a band gap in the UV light region, to test its activity as photocatalyst for photodegradation of remazol black in batik waste.

This study started with the synthesis of  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4$  from  $\text{FeCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$  and  $\text{FeSO}_4 \cdot 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . The formed  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4$  was coated with TEOS to obtain  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{SiO}_2$ . The target nanoparticles were obtained by coating  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{SiO}_2$  with  $\text{Zn}(\text{Ac})_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . The characterization was performed by FTIR, XRD, TEM, EDX and SR UV-Vis. The activity of  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{SiO}_2/\text{ZnO}$  photocatalysts was tested for photodegradation of batik waste in the photocatalysis reactor.

The results showed that the  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{SiO}_2/\text{ZnO}$  nanoparticles was produced. The presence of  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4$ ,  $\text{SiO}_2$ ,  $\text{ZnO}$  were seen in the presence of absorption bands in wavenumbers of 563; 895; 1126 and 447  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . Diffraction peaks at  $2\theta$  of 30,20; 35,46; 42,83; 57,20 and 62,85° indicated the existence of  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4$ . The presence of  $\text{ZnO}$  was proved by diffraction peak at  $2\theta$  of 30,52; 35,65; 47,00; 57,35; 63,02; 66,77 and 68,63°. The size of  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4$ ,  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{SiO}_2$ ,  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{SiO}_2/\text{ZnO}$  were 10,5; 12,6; dan 15,3 nm. The band gap energy of  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{SiO}_2/\text{ZnO}$  nanoparticles was 3,32 eV. Respectively  $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4/\text{SiO}_2/\text{ZnO}$  nanoparticles can degrade *remazol black* in batik waste under UV irradiation. Photodegradation was optimum at 24 (h) irradiation time, pH 2 and 8 mg photocatalyst with 54.23% degradation.

Keywords: photodegradation, photocatalyst, nanoparticles,  $\text{ZnO}$ .