

DAFTAR RUJUKAN

- Ahmad, M. (2012). *Hubungan antara religiusitas dan transcendental future time perspective dengan kecendrungan mengambil resiko* (Tesis tidak dipublikasikan). Fakultas Psikologi Universitas Gadjah Mada, Yogyakarta.
- Ahuvia, A. C., & Wong, N. (1995). Materialism: Origins and implications for personal well-being. *European Advances in Consumer Research*, 2, 172–178.
- Ahuvia, A.C., & Wong, N.Y. (2002). Personality and values based materialism: Their relationship and origins. *Journal of Consumer Psychology*, 12(4), 389–402.
- Ali, S.A., Ramzan, M., Razi, A., Khan, H., & Fatima, T. (2012). Materialistic thoughts among people. *Global Journal of Management and Business Research*, 12(8), 37-42.
- Allport, G. W., & Ross, J. M. (1967). Personal religious orientation and prejudice. *Journal of Personality and Social Psychology*, 5, 447–457.
- Ancok, D., & Suroso, F. S. (2008). *Psikologi islami, solusi atas problem-problem psikologi*. Yogyakarta: Pustaka Pelajar.
- Ardelt, M. (2003). Effects of religion and purpose in life on elders subjective well being and attitudes toward death. *Journal of Religious Gerontology*, 14(4), 188.
- Arku, F. S., Glen, C., Filson, & Shute, J. (2007). An empirical approach to the study of well being among rural men and women in Ghana. *Rural Studies*, University of Guelph, Guelph, Canada.
- Baron, R. M., & Kenny, D. A. (1986). The moderator-mediator variable distinction in social psychological research: Conceptual, strategic, and statistical Considerations. *Journal of Personality and Social Psychology*, 51, 1173-1182.
- Beja, E. (2012). Who is happier: The housewife or working wife?. *MPRA Paper*.
- Baker, A. M., Moschis, G. P., Ong, F. S., & Pattanapanyasat, R. (2013). Materialism and life satisfaction: The role of stress and religiosity. *Journal of Consumers Affairs*, 47(3), 548-563.
- Belk, R. W. (1984). Three scales to measure constructs related to materialism: Reliability, validity, and relationships to measures of happiness. *Consumer Research*, 14, 753-760.
- Belk, R. W. (1985). Materialism: Trait aspects of living in the material world. *Journal of Consumer Research*, 12, 265-280.
- Bergan, A., & McConatha, J. T. (2000). Religiosity and life satisfaction. *Activities, Adaptation, & Aging*, 24(3), 23-34.

- Burroughs, J. E., & Rindfleisch, A. (2002). Materialism and well-being: A conflicting values perspective. *Journal of Consumer Research*, 29, 348-370.
- Blanchflower, D., & Oswald, A. (1998). What makes an entrepreneur. *Journal of Labor Economics*, 16(1), 26–60.
- Brouskeli, V., & Loumakou, M. (2014). Materialism, stress, and health behaviors among future educators. *Journal of Education and Training Studies*, 2(2), 145-150.
- Chamberlain, K., & Zika, S. (1988). Religiosity, life meaning and wellbeing: Some relationships in a sample of women. *Journal for the Scientific Study of Religion* 27(3), 411-420.
- Chaplin, J. P. (2008). *Kamus lengkap psikologi*. Jakarta: PT Raja Grafindo Persada.
- Daradjat, Z. (1990). *Kesehatan mental dalam keluarga*. Jakarta: Pustaka Antara.
- Dawson, S., & Bamossy, G. (1991). If we are what we have, what are we when we don't have. *Journal of Social Behavior and Personality*, 6, 363–384.
- Delener, N. (1994). Religious contrasts in consumer decision behavior patterns: Their dimensions and marketing implication. *European Journal of Marketing*, 28(5), 36-53.
- Diener, E. (1984). Subjective well-being. *Psychological Bulletin*, 95(3), 524-575.
- Diener, E., Emmons, R. A., Larsen, R. J., & Griffin, S. (1985). The satisfaction with life scale. *Journal of Personal Assessment*, 49(1), 71-75.
- Diener, E., Suh, M., & Oishi, S. (1997). Subjective well-being. *Indian Journal of Clinical Psychology*.
- Diener, E., Suh, M. E., Lucas, E. R., & Smith, L. H. (1999). Subjective well-being: Three decades of progress. *Psychological Bulletin*, 125 (2), 276-302.
- Diener, E. (2000). Subjective well-being: The science of happiness and a proposal for a national index. *American Psychologist*.
- Diener, E., Lucas, R. E., & Oishi, S. (2002). Subjective well-being: The science of happiness and life satisfaction. Dalam C. P. Snyder & S. J. Lopez (Eds.). *The handbook of positive psychology* (pp. 63-74). New York: Oxford University Press.
- Diener, E., Oishi, S., & Lucas, R.E. (2003). Personality culture, and subjective well-being: Emotional and cognitive evaluation of life. *Annual Review of Psychology*, 54, 403 – 425.

- Diener, E., Robinson, M. D., & Solberg, E. C. (2004). Why are materialists less satisfied. Dalam T. Kasser & A. D. Kanner (Eds.). *Psychology and consumer culture: The struggle for a good life in a materialistic world* (pp. 29-48). Washington, DC: American Psychological Association.
- Diener, E. (2008). Assessing subjective well-being: Progress and opportunities. *Social Indicator Research*, 31, 103.
- Departemen Pendidikan dan Kebudayaan (Depdikbud). (2000). *Kamus besar bahasa Indonesia*. Jakarta: Balai Pustaka.
- Ebaugh, H. R. (2002). Return of the sacred: Reintegrating religion in the social sciences. *Journal of the Scientific Study of Religion*, 41(3), 385–395.
- Eid, M., & Larsen, R. J. (2008). *The science of subjective well-being*. New York: The Guilford Press.
- Ellison, C. W. (1991). Religious involvement and subjective well-being. *Journal of Health and Social Behavior*, 32(1), 80-99.
- Ellison, C. W., & Cole, K. C. (1982). Religious commitment, television viewing, values, and quality of life. *Journal of Psychology and Cristianity*, 1, 21-32.
- Fellows, K.J. (2012). *Materialism and psychological well-being: A meta-analytic study*. (Thesis not published). Brigham Young University.
- Ferriss, A. L. (2002). Religion and quality of life. *Journal of happiness studies*, 3, 199-215.
- Fetzer, J.E. (1999). *Multidimensional measurement of religiousness/ spirituality for use in health research: A report of the Fetzer institute/ national institute on aging working group*. Kalamazo, MI: Fetzer Institute.
- Fitriasri, A. (2013). *Subjective well-being ditinjau dari forgiveness dan proactive coping pada ibu tunggal karena perceraian yang bekerja sebagai PNS pada Pemerintah Provinsi Jawa Tengah* (Tesis tidak dipublikasikan). Fakultas Psikologi Universitas Gadjah Mada, Yogyakarta.
- Flouri, E. (1999). An integrated model of consumer materialism: Can economic socialization and maternal values predict materialistic attitudes in adolescents. *Journal of Socio-Economics*, 28, 707-724.
- Flouri, E. (2004). Exploring the relationship between mothers' and fathers' parenting practices and children's materialist values. *Journal of Economic Psychology*, 25(6), 743-752.
- Frame, M. (2003). *Integrating religiuon and spirituality into counseling*. Pacific Grove, CA: Brooks/Cole.

- Francis, L. J., & Kaldor, P. (2002). The relationship between psychological well-being and Christian faith and practice in an Australia population sample. *Journal of Religion*, 41(1), 179–184.
- Ger, G., & Belk, R. W. (1990). Measuring and comparing materialism cross-culturally. *Advance in Consumer Research*, 17, 186-192.
- Gilman, R., Huebner, S., & Buckman, M. (2009). Life satisfaction. Dalam S. J. Lopez (Ed.). *The encyclopedia of positive psychology*. West Sussex: John Wiley & Sons Ltd.
- Griffith, J., & Griffith, M. (2002). *Encountering the sacred in psychotherapy*. New York: Guilford Press.
- Hadaway, C. K., & Roof, W. C. (1978). Religious commitment and the quality of life in American society. *Review of Religious Research* 19(3), 295-307.
- Hadi, S. (2000). *Metodologi research* (Jilid 1-4). Yogyakarta: Pustaka Pelajar.
- Handa, M., & Khare, A. (2013). Gender as a moderator of the relationship between materialism and fashion clothing involvement among Indian youth. *International Journal of Consumer Studies*, 37(1), 112–120.
- Jalaluddin. (2002). *Psikologi agama*. Jakarta: PT. Raja Grafindo Persada.
- Kalkstein, S., & Tower, R. B. (2009) The daily spiritual experience scale and well-being: Demographic comparisons and scale validation with older Jewish adults and a diverse internet sample. *Journal Religios health*, 48, 402-417.
- Kasser, T., & Ryan, R. M. (1993). A dark side of the American dream: Correlates of financial success as a central life aspiration. *Journal of Personality and Social Psychology*, 65, 410-422.
- Kasser, T., & Ryan, R. M. (1996). Further examining the American dream: Differential correlates of intrinsic and extrinsic goals. *Personality and Social Psychology Bulletin*, 22, 80-87.
- Kasser, T., & Sheldon, K. M. (2000). Of wealth and death: Materialism, mortality salience, and consumption behavior. *Psychological Science*, 11, 348–351.
- Kasser, T., & Ahuvia, A. (2002). Materialistic values and well-being in business students. *European Journal of Social Psychology*, 32, 137-146.
- Kasser, T. (2002). *The high price of materialisme*. Cambridge, MA: MIT Press.
- Kasser, T., Ryan, R. M., Couchman, C. E., & Sheldon, K. M. (2004). Materialistic values: Their cause and consequences. Dalam *Psychology and consumer culture: The struggle for a good life in materrialistic world*. Washington, DC: American Psychology Association.

- Kasser, T., Cohn, S., Kanner, A. D., & Ryan, R. M. (2007). Some costs of American corporate capitalism: A psychological exploration of value and goal conflicts. *Psychological Inquiry*, 18(1), 1-22.
- Kau, A. K., Kwon, J., Jiuan, T. S., & Wirtz, J. (2000). The influence of materialistic inclination on values, life satisfaction, and aspiration: An empirical analysis. *Social Indicator Research*, 49, 317-333.
- Kennedy, J.E., & Khantamani, H. (1995). *Empirical support for a model of well being, meaning in life, importance of religion, and transcendent experience*. Unpublished Manuscript, Spirituality Articles.
- LaBarbera, P. A., & Gurhan, Z. (1997). The role of materialism, religiosity, and demographics in subjective well-being. *Psychology and Marketing*, 14(1), 71-97.
- Lambert, N.M., Fincham, F.D., Stillman, T.F., & Dean, L.R. (2009). More gratitude, less materialism: The mediating role of life satisfaction. *The Journal of Positive Psychology* 4(1), 32-42.
- Larsen, V., Sirgy, J. M., & Wright, N. D. (1999). Materialism: The construct, measures, antecedents, and consequences. *Academy of Marketing Studies Journal*, 3(2), 78-110.
- Lazarus, R., & Folkman, S. (1984). *Stress, Appraisal, And Coping*. New York: Springer.
- Liana, L. (2009). Penggunaan MRA dengan SPSS untuk menguji pengaruh variabel moderating terhadap hubungan antara variabel independen dan variabel dependen. *Jurnal Teknologi Informasi*, 14(2), 90-97.
- Moschis, G. P., & Churchill, G. A. (1978). Consumer socialization: A theoretical and empirical analysis. *Journal of Marketing Research*, 15(4), 599-609.
- Nugrahani, E. D. (2015). *Hubungan antara kematangan emosi dengan perilaku konsumtif pada ibu rumah tangga di Kecamatan Kebakkramay Kabupaten Karanganyar* (Skripsi tidak dipublikasikan). Fakultas Psikologi Universitas Muhammadiyah, Surakarta.
- Parker, S. (2011). Practice spirituality in counseling: A faith development perspective. *Journal of counseling and development*, 89, 112-119.
- Peacock, J. R., & Poloma, M. M. (1999). Religiosity and life satisfaction across the life course. *Social Indicators Research*, 48(3), 319-343.
- Piaget, J. (1973). *The child and reality*. New York: Penguin Book.
- Polak, E. L., & McCullough, M. E. (2006). Is gratitude an alternative to materialism. *Journal of Happiness Studies*, 7, 343-360.
- Rahman, M., Albaity, M., & Maruf, M. (2016). The role religiosity on the relationship between materialism and fashion clothing consumption among Malaysian generation Y consumers. *Social Indicator Research*.

- Rakrachakarn, V., Moschis, G. P., Ong, F. S., & Shannom, S. (2013). Materialisme and life satisfaction: The role of religion. *Journal Religios Health*, 54, 413-426.
- Richins, M. L., & Dawson, S. (1992). A consumer values orientation for materialism and its measurement: Scale development and validation. *Journal of Consumer Research*, 19(3), 303-316.
- Richins, M. L. (2004). The positive and negative consequences of materialism: What are they and when do they occur?. *Advances in Consumer Research*, 31, 232-235.
- Rindfleisch, A., Burroughs, J. E., & Denton, F. (1997). Family structure, materialism, and compulsive consumption. *Journal of Consumer Research*, 23, 312-325.
- Rule, S. (2007). Religiosity and quality of life in South Africa. *Social Indicator Research*, 18, 417-434.
- Ryan, L., & Dziurawiec, S. (2001). Materialism and its relationship to life satisfaction. *Social Indicators Research*, 55, 185-197.
- Sagiv, L., & Schwartz, S. H. (2000). Value priorities and subjective well-being: Direct relations and congruity effects. *European Journal of Social Psychology*, 30, 177-198.
- Salleh, M. S. (2012). Religiosity in development: A theoretical construct of an Islamic- based development. *International Journal of Humanities and Social Science*, 2(14), 266 – 274.
- Saliyo. (2015). *Intensitas zikir, religiusitas, makna hidup dengan subjective well-being santri spiritual tarekat Naqsabandiyah Kholidiyah* (Disertasi tidak diterbitkan). Fakultas Psikologi Universitas Gadjah Mada, Yogyakarta.
- Sheldon, K. M., & Krieger, L. S., (2014). Service job lawyers are happier than money job lawyers, despite their lower income. *The Journal of Positive Psychology*, 9(3), 219-226.
- Sirgy, M. J., Gurel-Atay, E., Webb, D., Cicic, M., Husic-Mehmedovic, M., Ekici, A., & Johar, J. S. (2013). In materialisme all bad? Effect on satisfaction with material life, life satisfaction, and economic motivation. *Social Indicator Research*, 110, 349-366.
- Sugiono. (2004). Konsep, identifikasi, alat analisis, dan masalah penggunaan variabel moderator. *Jurnal Studi Manajemen dan Organisasi*, 1(2), 61.
- Thouless, R. H. (2000). *Pengantar psikologi agama*. Jakarta: Rajawali Press.
- Watson, D., Clark, L. A., & Tellegen, A. (1988). Development and validation of brief measures of positive and negative affect: The PANAS scales. *Journal of Personality and Social Psychology*, 54(6), 1063-1070.



- Witter, R. A., Stock, W. A., Okun, M. A., & Haring, M. J. (1985). Religion and subjective well-being in adulthood: A quantitative synthesis. *Review of Religious Research* 26(4), 332-342.
- Ward, S., & Wackman, D. B. (1971). Family and media influences on adolescent consumer learning. *American Behavioral Scientist*, 14(1-2), 415-427.
- Wu, D. A., & Zumbo, D. B. (2007). Understanding and using mediators and moderators. *Social Indicator Research*, 87, 367-392.
- Zimmer, H. (1993). Buddhahood. In R. Eastman (Ed.), *The ways of religion* (2nd ed., pp. 65-73). New York: Oxford University Press.