

## **SUMBANGAN USAHATANI DURIAN TERHADAP PENDAPATAN RUMAH TANGGA DI DESA BANJAROYO KECAMATAN KALIBAWANG KABUPATEN KULON PROGO**

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### **INTISARI**

Pendapatan petani pada lahan kering akan berbeda dengan pendapatan petani pada lahan basah. Petani pada lahan kering cenderung akan melakukan diversifikasi usahatani sebagai upaya untuk menganekaragamkan berbagai sumber pendapatannya. Salah satu bentuk diversifikasi usahatani di Desa Banjaroyo ialah dengan usahatani durian.

Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk: (1) mengetahui karakteristik sosial ekonomi dan demografi petani durian, (2) mengetahui produksi rata-rata usahatani durian tiap petani dan produktivitas pohon durian, (3) mengetahui hubungan antara kepemilikan jumlah pohon durian dengan produktivitas pohon durian, dan (4) mengetahui besarnya sumbangan pendapatan usahatani durian terhadap pendapatan total rumah tangga petani durian di Desa Banjaroyo.

Metode yang digunakan adalah metode survei, penentuan lokasi penelitian secara *purposive*. Populasi yang diteliti adalah petani durian di Desa Banjaroyo. Sampel dalam penelitian ini yaitu kepala rumah tangga yang memiliki usahatani durian yang telah berproduksi. Pengambilan sampel dilakukan secara *stratified random sampling*. Jumlah responden sebanyak 50. Analisis yang digunakan adalah analisis deskriptif dari tabel silang.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa: (1) petani durian sebagian besar berumur > 65 tahun (26%), 42% petani memiliki tingkat pendidikan tamat SD, pekerjaan lain petani yang banyak dilakukan ialah sebagai produsen gula kelapa/nira, jumlah anggota rumah tangga sebagian besar < 3 orang (38%), 36% petani menguasai luas lahan yang sempit (< 0,25 ha), 78% petani memiliki pohon durian yang sudah berproduksi dengan jumlah < 6 pohon, (2) produksi usahatani durian tiap petani sebanyak 379 buah. Produktivitas pohon durian pada kelas kepemilikan < 6 pohon sebesar 88 buah/pohon/tahun, kelas kepemilikan 6 – 10 pohon sebesar 74 buah/pohon/tahun dan kelas kepemilikan > 10 pohon sebesar 72 buah/pohon/tahun, (3) semakin banyak jumlah pohon yang dimiliki maka semakin rendah produktivitas pohonnya, (4) sumbangan pendapatan usahatani durian menyumbang paling besar walaupun hanya dapat dirasakan hanya tiga bulan dalam setahun. Besarnya sumbangan pendapatan usahatani durian pertahun sebesar 38,55% dari total pendapatan lainnya.

**Kata kunci:** petani, durian, pendapatan

## THE CONTRIBUTION OF DURIAN FARM TO THE INCOME OF HOUSEHOLDS IN BANJAROYO VILLAGE, KALIBAWANG SUBDISTRICT, KULON PROGO REGENCY

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### ABSTRACT

*Farmers' income in dry land farming will vary compared to farmers' income in the wetland farming. Farmers in dry land farming will tend to diversify in an effort to diversify its revenue sources. One form of farm diversification in the farming village of Banjaroyo is durian.*

*This research is conducted in Banjaroyo Village, Kalibawang Subdistrict, Kulon Progo Regency which determine puposively. The aims of this research are to: (1) know the social economic and demographic characters of durian farmers, (2) understand the average production of durian agricultural business for each farmers and the productivity of durian trees, (3) to find the relation between the ownership of durian trees and the productivity of durian trees, and (4) know how great the contribution of durian agricultural business income are to the total income of durian farmers' households in Banjaroyo Village.*

*The survey method is applied in the reserach to collect data. Meanwhile, the population studied are durian farmers in Banjaroyo Village, Kalibawang Subdistrict, Kulon Progo Regency. Furthermore, the samples in this research are the heads of households having productive durian farm while the sampling applied simple random sampling. The amount of respondents in this research is 50 people. The analysis used in this research is descriptive analysis of the crosstab.*

*The analysis result shows: (1)The social economic and demographic characters of durian farmers are as follows: a. the range of durian farmers' age is between 40 and 70 years old. b. Their educational level average is the graduates of elementary school. Another durian farmers' job is mostly as palm sugar producer. d. The average number of their household members is less than 3 people. e. Besides, most of the farmers master how to manage narrow lands, and have less than 6 productive durian trees, (2) the average production of the durian farm of each farmers is 379 fruits. The productivity of durian trees of farmers owning less than 6 trees is 88 fruits/tree/year, that of who have 6 – 10 trees is 74 fruits/tree/year and that of who have more than 10 trees is 72 fruits/tree/year, (3) the more the amount of durian trees owned by farmers is, the less the productivity of each trees is, (4) the contribution of the income from durian farm is big enough though most farmer can only spend it for three months in a year. In additional, the the incomecontribution numberof durian agricultural business can reach 38,55% of total durian farmer's income.*

**Keywords:** farmers, durian, income