

## INTISARI

Penelitian ini mengkaji pengaruh infrastruktur jalan, jumlah sekolah, pertanian, industri, investasi, dan Pendapatan Asli Daerah (PAD) terhadap pdrb per kapita di Daerah Istimewa Yogyakarta (DIY) selama periode 2018-2024. Metode analisis regresi linier data panel diterapkan dengan pendekatan *Fixed Effect Model*. Hasil penelitian membuktikan bahwa sektor pertanian dan industri pengolahan memberikan kontribusi positif dan signifikan terhadap pdrb per kapita, sementara infrastruktur jalan dan jumlah sekolah menunjukkan pengaruh negatif. Investasi dan PAD meskipun berpengaruh positif, tetapi tidak signifikan terhadap pdrb per kapita. Hasil ini menandakan bahwa pdrb per kapita DIY lebih didorong oleh sektor-sektor produktif daripada infrastruktur fisik.

**Kata Kunci:** Pembangunan Infrastruktur, Sektor Ekonomi, Pertumbuhan PDRB Per Kapita

## ***ABSTRACT***

*This study examines the effect of road infrastructure, number of schools, agriculture, industry, investment, and Own Source Revenue on GDRP per capita in the Special Regional of Yogyakarta (DIY) during the period 2018-2024. The panel data linear regression analysis method is applied with the Fixed Effect Model approach. The research findings reveal that the agricultural and manufacturing sectors influenced GDRP per capita positively. Meanwhile, road infrastructure and the number of schools brought a negative impacts on GDRP per capita. Investment and Own Source Revenue, although they have a postive impact, but are not significant impacts on GDRP per capita. These results indicate that DIY's GDRP per capita is driven by the productive sector larger than physical infrastructure.*

**Keywords:** *Infrastructure, Economic Sector, GDRP Per Capita Growth*