

HUBUNGAN ANTARA PERSEPSI SANTRI TERHADAP KEPEMIMPINAN KIAI DENGAN KECERDASAN EMOSI DAN MOTIVASI BERPRESTASI ANTARA SANTRI LAKI-LAKI DAN PEREMPUAN

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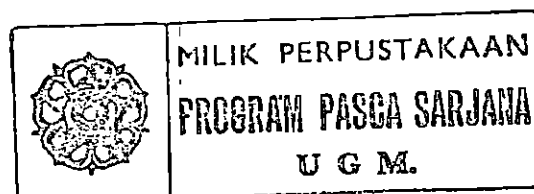
INTISARI

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui hubungan antara persepsi santri terhadap kepemimpinan kiai dengan kecerdasan emosi dan motivasi berprestasi pada santri. Hipotesis yang diajukan adalah: (a) ada hubungan positif antara persepsi santri terhadap kepemimpinan kiai dengan kecerdasan emosi; (b) ada hubungan negatif antara persepsi santri terhadap kepemimpinan kiai dengan motivasi berprestasi santri; (c) ada perbedaan persepsi kepemimpinan kiai antara santri laki-laki dan santri perempuan; (d) ada perbedaan tingkat kecerdasan emosi antara santri laki-laki dan santri perempuan; (e) ada perbedaan motivasi berprestasi antara santri laki-laki dan santri perempuan.

Instrument penelitian yang digunakan adalah skala kepemimpinan kiai, skala kecerdasan emosi, dan skala motivasi berprestasi. Subjek penelitian berjumlah 195 santri, terdiri dari semua santri yang berusia antara 15 tahun sampai 23 tahun, pada Pondok Pesantren An-Nuur, Ngrukem, Pendowoharjo, Bantul. Analisis data menggunakan *canonical analysis* dan *mann-whitney test*.

Hasil analisis data menunjukkan : (a) ada hubungan yang sangat signifikan antara persepsi santri terhadap kepemimpinan kiai dengan kecerdasan emosi santri: (korelasi kanonik= 0,303; DF =10,000; p = 0,009); (b) tidak ada hubungan antara persepsi santri terhadap kepemimpinan kiai dengan motivasi berprestasi santri(korelasi kanonik= 0,172; DF = 4,000; p= 0,231); (c) ada perbedaan persepsi terhadap kepemimpinan kiai antara santri laki-laki dan santri perempuan santri ($Z = -3,050$; p = 0,002); (d) tidak ada perbedaan kecerdasan emosi antara santri laki-laki dan santri perempuan ($Z=-0,529$; p= 0,597); (e) tidak ada perbedaan motivasi berprestasi antara santri laki-laki dan santri perempuan ($Z=-0,369$ dan p=0,712).

Kata kunci : Persepsi santri terhadap kepemimpinan kiai, kecerdasan emosi, dan motivasi berprestasi



THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN SANTRI PERCEPTION OF KIAI LEADERSHIP WITH EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE AND ACHIEVEMENT MOTIVATION AMONG BOYS AND GIRLS SANTRI

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ABSTRACT

This research was aimed to examine the relationship between kiai leadership and emotional intelligence and achievement motivation among santri. Five hypotheses were tested: (a) There was positive relationship between santri perception of kiai leadership and emotional intelligence; (b) there was negative relationship between santri perception of kiai leadership and achievement motivation; (c) there was different measured scores about perception of kiai leadership between males and females santri; (d) there was different measured scores emotional intelligence between males and females santri; (e) there was different measured scores achievement motivation between males and females santri.

Research instruments were administered: kiai leadership scale, emotional intelligence scale, and achievement motivation scale. Subjects of this research consisted of 195 santri that 15 until 23 years old at pesantren An-Nuur Ngrukem, Pendowoharjo, Bantul. To analyze the data, canonical technique and mann-whitney test was applied.

The result indicated that: (a) there was very significant positive correlation between santri perception of kiai leadership and emotional intelligence; (b) there was not correlation between santri perception of kiai leadership and achievement motivation; (c) there was differences measured scores about perception of kiai leadership between males and females santri; (d) there was not differences measured scores emotional intelligence between males and females santri (e) there was not differences measured scores achievement motivation between males and females santri.

Key words : Santri perception of kiai leadership, emotional intelligence, and achievement motivation.