

## KEPUSTAKAAN

- Agnes. 1998. Bakteriuria asimtomatis anak prasekolah dan hubungannya dengan persepsi orang tua terhadap ISK. *Tesis. Program Pasca Sarjana Universitas Gadjah Mada. Jogjakarta.*
- Alatas H. 2000. Hot Topics in Pediatrics II. *Dalam. Pendidikan Kedokteran Berkelanjutan. Ilmu Kesehatan Anak XIV FK UI*, hal. 162-281.
- Anonimous. 2000. Farmakologi dan Terapi, Edisi 3, EGC, hal. 590-636.
- Baucke VL. 1997. Urinary Incontinence and Urinary Tract Infection and Their Resolution With Treatment of Chronic Constipation of Childhood. *Pediatr*; 100:228-232
- Bauchner H, Philipp B, Klein JO, Dashefsky B. 1987. Prevalence of bacteriuria in febrile children. *Pediatr Infect Dis*; 6 :239-242.
- Behrman. 1992. Urinary tract infection. In ; Kliegman RM, Nelson WE, Vaughan III VC, Eds. *Nelson Textbook of Pediatrics*; 14<sup>th</sup> ed. Philadelphia, hal. 1360-63.
- Biggi A, Dardanelli L, Pomero G. 2001. Acute renal cortical scintigraphy in children with a first urinary tract infection. *Pediatr Nephrol*; 16:733-38.
- Blum NJ, Taubman B, Osborne ML. 1997. Behavioral characteristics of children with store toileting refusal. *Pediatr*; 99(1):50-53.
- Bose W, Karama A, Linzenmeier G. 1974. Controlled trial of cotrimoxazol in children with UTI. *Lancet*; 2:614
- Çaksen H, Y Cesur, A Ünner, S Arslan, S. Sar, V. Çelebi, M Kuru. 2000. Urinary tract infection and antibiotic susceptibility in malnourished children. *Int. Urol and Nephrol*; 32:245-247.
- Cascio S, Chertin B, Yoneda A. 2001. Acute renal damage in infants after first urinary tract infection. *Pediatr Nephrol*; 17:503-505.
- Crain EF, Gershel JC. 1990. UTI in febrile infants younger than 8 weeks of age. *Pediatr*; 86(3):363-367.
- Damanik MP. 1990. Tinjauan kasus-kasus infeksi saluran kemih (ISK) pada anak di Bagian Ilmu Penyakit Anak RSUP dr. Sardjito. Yogyakarta, Tidak dipublikasikan.

- Dwiprahasto I . 2001.Farmakoekonomi Analisis ekonomi untuk penggunaan obat. Bagian Farmakologi/CEBU FK UGM.
- Downs SM. 1999. Urinary Tract Unfections in febrile infants and young children, *Pediatrics*;103 (4): e. 54.
- Durbin WA, Peter G. 1984. Manajemen of UTI in infant and children. *Pediatr Infect Dis*;3(6):564-74.
- Ellerstein NS, Sullivan TD, Baliah T, Neter E. 1977. Trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole and Ampicillin in the treatment of acute UTI in children: a double blind study. *Pediatr*;60(2):245-246.
- Frances KW. 1992. *Tinjauan Klinis atas hasil pemeriksaan laboratorium*. Edisi 9, EGC, Jakarta, hal. 519-22.
- Ginsburg CM, Mc Cracken GH. 1982. Urinary Tract Infection in young infants. *Pediatr*; 69(4) : 409-411.
- Goldman M, Bistrizer T, Horne T, Zoareft I. 2000. The etiology of renal scars in infants with pyelonephritis and vesicoureteral reflux. *Pediatr Nephrol*;14:385-88.
- Goldraich NP, Manfroi A.2000. Febrile UTI: *E coli* susceptibility to oral antimicrobials. *Pediatr Nephrol*;17:173-76.
- Hansson S, Hanson E, Hellstrom AL, Hjalmas K, Jodal U. 1991. Association between urinary symptoms at 7 years old and previos UTI. *Arch Dis Child* 1991;66:232-24.
- Hansson S, Jodal U, Noven L, Bjure J. 1989. Untreated bacteriuria in asymptomatic girls with renal scarring. *Pediatrics*;84:964-68.
- Harun SR, Rahajoe NN,Putra ST, Wiharta AS, Chair I. 1995. Penelitian Uji Klinis, *Dalam:dasar-Dasar Metodologi Penelitian Klinis*, Penyunting:Sastroasmoro S dan Ismael S, ed.I, Binarupa Aksara, Jakarta, hal:109-125.
- Heldrich FJ, Barone MA, Spiegler E. 2000. UTI : Diagnosis and Evaluation in Symptomatic Pediatrics patients. *Clinical Pediatr*; 8:461-472.
- Hellerstein S, Nickell E. 2002. Prophylactic antibiotics in children at risk for UTI. *Pediatr Nephrol*;17:506-10.

- Hoberman A, Wald ER, Hickey RW, Baskin M, Chacion M, Majd M .1999. Oral versus initial intravenous therapy for UTI in young febrile children. *Pediatr*;104:74-86.
- Hoberman A, Chao Han Pu, Keller DM, Hickey RW,.1993. Prevalence of UTI in Febrile Infants . *J Pediatr*;123:17-23.
- Hoberman A, Wald ER, Reynolds EA, Penchansky L, Charron M. 1993. Piuria and bacteriuria in urin speciment obtained by catheter from young children with fever. *J Pediatr*;124:513-9.
- Holland NH, Jackson EC, Kazee M. 1990. Relation of UTI and vesicoureteral reflux to scars: *follow up* thirty eight patients. *J Pediatr*;116:s 65 – s71.
- Honkinen O, Lehtonen OP, Ruuskanen O, Huovinen P, Mertsola J. 1999. Cohort study of bacterial species causing UTI and urinary tract abnormalities in children. *BMJ*;318:770-771.
- Hooton TM, Winter C, Stamm WE, Tiu F. 1995. RCT and cost analysis of 3-day antimicrobial regimens for treatment of acute cystitis in women. *JAMA*;273(4) :41-45.
- Jakobsson B, Hanson S. 1999. Minimum incidence and diagnostis rate of first UTI. *Pediatr*;104(2) :222-226.
- Jawetz E.1995a. Penisilin dan Cefalosporin. Dalam. Katzung. *Farmakologi Dasar dan Klinik*. Edisi 3, terjemahan Bahasa Indonesia, EGC, Jakarta hal : 616 – 627.
- Jawetz E.1995b. Sulfonamid dan Trimetoprim. Dalam. Katzung. *Farmakologi Dasar dan Klinik*. Edisi 3, terjemahan Bahasa Indonesia, EGC, Jakarta hal : 655 – 660.
- Jawetz E, Melnick ,Adelberg.1995c. Mikrobiologi Kedokteran, Edisi 20.terjemahan Bahasa Indonesia, EGC, Jakarta, hal. 234 – 240, 250 – 252.
- Karsinah, Lucky, Suharto dan Mardiasuti. 1993. Batang Negatif Gram *Kirobiologi Kedokteran*. Binarupa Aksara, Jakarta; hal :154-68.
- Keren R, Chan E. 2002. A meta analysis of RCT comparing short and long course antibiotic therapy for UTI in children. *Pediatr*;109(5):1-6.
- Konstvedt, PR.1989. *The Managed Health care Handbook*. An Aspen Publication. Geithersburg.

- Levtshenko E, Lahy C, Levy J, Ham H, Piepsz A. 2001. Treatment of children with acute pyelonephritis: a prospective randomized study. *Pediatr Nephrol*;16:878-84.
- Levy VM. 1992. *Financial Manajemen of Hospital*. The law Book Cp. Ltd, New South Wales.
- Lin DS, Huang SH, Lin C, Tung YC, Huang T, et al. 2000. UTI in febrile infants younger than eight weeks of age. *Pediatr*;105(2):1-4.
- Loening-baucke V. 1997. Urinary incontinence, urinary tract infection and their resolution with treatment of chronic constipation of childhood. *Pediatrics*;100:228-32.
- Madrigal G, Odio CM, Mohs E, Guevara J. 1988. Single dose antibiotic therapy is not as effective as conventional regiment for manajemen of acute UTI in children. *Pediatr Infect Dis*;7:316-319.
- Maki DG, Tambyah PA. 2001. Engineering out the risk of infection with urinary catheters. *Emerging Infect Dis*;7(2):1-12.
- Martinell J, Claesson I, Lidin-Johnson G, Jodal U. 1995. Urinary infections, reflux and renal scarring in female continuously followed for 13 – 38 years. *Pediatr. Nephrol*;9:131-136.
- Mc Cracken, GH. 1989. Options antimicrobial manajemen of urinary tract infections in infants and children. *Pediatr Infec Dis J*;8(8):552-55.
- Michael M, Hodson EM, Craig JC, Martin S, Moyer VA. 2002. Short compared with standard duration of antibiotic treatment for UTI: a systematic review of RCT. *Arch Dis Child*;87:118-123.
- Morin D, Veyrac C, Kotzki PO, Lopez C. 1999. Comparison of ultrasound and dimercaptosuccinic acid scintigraphy changes in acute pyelonephritis. *Pediatr Nephrol*;13:219-222.
- Nicolle LE. 2001. UTI in long term-care facilities. *Infect control Hosp Epidemiology*;22:167-75.
- Neu HC.1986. Sulfonamides and urinary antibacterial agent. *In. Pharmacology in Medicine Principles and Practice*. SP Press International Inc. hal. 779-793
- Ottolini MC, Shaer CM, Rushon HG, Madjid M, Gonzales EC, Patel KM. 1995. Relationship of asymptomatic bacteriuria and renal scarring in children with neuropatic bladder who are practicing clean intermittent catheterization. *J Pediatr*; 127:368-372.

- Petitti DB. 1994. Meta Analysis, Decision Analysis and Cost Effectiveness Analysis. Oxford University Press.
- Petri WA. 2001. Antimicrobial Agents: Sulfonamid, Trimetoprim, Sulfamethoxazole, Quinolon and agents for UTI. 1993. UTI in infants with unexplained fever. A Collaborative Study. *J Pediatr*. 103: 864-867.
- Phillips C.2001. What is cost effectiveness?.available on : <http://www.evidencebasedmedicine.co.uk>
- Quick DJ, O'Connor. 1997. *Managing Drug Supply. Manajemen Science for Health*. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. Boston.
- Rachma F. B, A.H. Markum, Sri Rezeki H. 1991. Infeksi saluran kemih pada neonatus. Dalam : A.H. Markum : Ilmu Kesehatan Anak, jilid 1, Fakultas Kedokteran UI, Jakarta, hal. 368 - 377.
- Rusdidjas, Ramayanti R. 1993. Infeksi Saluran Kemih. Dalam : Alatas H, Tambunan T, Trijono PP, Ed. *Nefrologi Anak*; jilid I. IDAI Balai Penerbit FK-UI, Jakarta, hal.109-31.
- Rusepno H, H. A. Markum. 1985. Infeksi Traktur Urinarius. Dalam : *Ilmu Kesehatan Anak*, Jilid 2, eds 4, Fakultas Kedokteran UI, Jakarta, hal. 827-29.
- Roberts K, Charney E, Sweren RJ. Urinary tract infection in infants with unexplained fever ; a collaborative study. *J Pediatr*.1993;103:864-867.
- Sardjito D. 1981. Infeksi Saluran air seni pada anak. Dalam: *Keadaan Gawat Darurat pada Beberapa Penyakit Infeksi, Continuing Education*, Ilmu Kesehatan Anak no: 4, Bulan Desember, FK Unair Surabaya, hal. 35-52.
- Sastroasmoro, S . 1995. Pemilihan Subyek Penelitian. Dalam: *Dasar-Dasar Metodologi Penelitian Klinis*, Penyunting : Sastroasmoro S dan Ismael S. Ed. I, Binarupa Aksara, Jakarta,hal. 42-51.
- Schoen EJ, Colby CJ, Ray GT. 2000. Newborn circumsicion Decreases Incidence and Costs of UTI during the first year of life, *Pediatric* 105(4): 789-793.
- Setiadi I. 2000. Analisis Variasi Komponen Biaya Pelayanan pada Empat Diagnosis Rawat Inap terbanyak di Rumah Sakit Jasa Kartini Tasikmalaya antara bulan Mei 1998 – April 2000. *Tesis. Program Pasca Sarjana. Universitas Gadjah Mada. Jogjakarta*.

- Sreenarasimhaiah V. 1995. Uroradiological evaluation of children with UTI: are both ultrasonography and renal cortical scintigraphy necessary ?. *J Pediatr*;127:373-79.
- Stamm WE, Talan DA, Hooton TM, Moran GJ, Burke T, et al. 2000. Comparison of ciprofloxacin (7 days) and trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole (14 days) for acute uncomplicated pyelonephritis in women. *JAMA*;283 (12):1583-90.
- Stamm WE.1991. Bacterial urinary tract infection. In : Jacobson HR, Striker GE, Klahr S. *The Principles and Practise of Nephrology*. BC. Decker Inc. Philadelphia.
- Stamm WE.1992. Nosocomial UTI in Hospital Infection.3<sup>rd</sup> ed. Little brown and Company. Boston. Toronto. London.
- Stockland E, Hellstrom M, Jacobsson B. 1996. Renal damage one year after first urinary tract infection : Role of dimercaptosuccinic acid scintigraphy. *J. Pediatr*;129:815-20.
- Subcommite on UTI AAP. 1999. Practice Parameter : The Diagnosis, Treatment and evaluation of the initial UTI in febrile infants and young children. *Pediatrics*; 103 (4):843-52.
- US PDI.1990.Drug Information for the Healt Care Profesional. Tenth edition.US Pharmacopeial Convention Inc
- Vernon SJ, Lambert HJ, Coulthard MG. 1997. New renal scarring in children who at age 3 and 4 years had normal scars with dimercaptosuccinic acid *follow up* study. *BMJ*:905-908.
- Warsa,UC.1993. Kokus positif gram. Mikrobiologi Kedokteran. Binarupa Aksara, Jakarta, hal:103-24.
- Wilawirya IGN, Tambunan T, Trijono PT. 1993. Penanggulangan Masalah uronefrologi pada anak. Naskah lengkap pendidikan kedokteran berkelanjutan Ilmu Kesehatan Anak XXIX; Jakarta 24-25 September 1993, FK-UI Jakarta.
- Winberg J. 1991. Clinical aspects of urinary tract infection. In: Pediatric Nephrology; 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. William & Wilkins. Baltimore.
- Wiswell TE, Roscelli JD. 1986. Corroborative evidence for the decreased incidence of UTI in circumcised male infants. *Pediatr*;78:96-99.

Wiswell TE, Holton ME, Enzenauer RW, Cornish JD. 1987. Declining Frequency of circumcision: Implications for changes in the absolute incidence and male to female sex ratio of UTI in early infancy. *Pediatr*;79:338-42.

Wiswell TE, Miller MG, Gelston HM, Jones SK. 1988. Effect of circumcision status on periurethral bacterial flora during the first year of life. *J Pediatr*;113:442-46.

Wiswell TE, Tencer HL, Welch CA, Chamberlain JL. 1993 Circumcision in children beyond the neonatal period. *Pediatr*;92 (6):791-93.

## **LAMPIRAN**