

INTISARI

Latar Belakang: Perilaku *caring* merupakan sikap kepedulian perawat terhadap pasien yang tidak hanya hadir secara fisik untuk pasien, tetapi juga hadir secara hati untuk memberikan asuhan keperawatan yang berfokus pada kesembuhan fisik dan mental pasien. Persepsi mahasiswa tentang profesi perawat dapat menentukan sikap yang tercermin dalam tindakan dan perilakunya.

Tujuan Penelitian: Untuk mengetahui hubungan antara persepsi tentang profesi perawat dengan perilaku *caring* pada mahasiswa profesi ners di PSIK FK-KMK UGM.

Metode: Penelitian ini merupakan jenis penelitian kuantitatif non eksperimental dengan menggunakan deskriptif korelasional. Partisipan dalam penelitian ini adalah mahasiswa profesi ners PSIK FK-KMK UGM berjumlah 93 orang. Kuesioner yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini adalah *The Perceptions of Professional Nursing Tool* (PPNT) dan *Caring Behaviors Inventory* (CBI). Lembar analisis data dianalisis menggunakan distribusi frekuensi untuk univariat dan *chi-square* untuk bivariat.

Hasil: Hasil dari persepsi tentang profesi perawat mahasiswa profesi ners berada di kategori persepsi negatif sejumlah 47 orang (50,5%). Hasil dari perilaku *caring* mahasiswa profesi ners berada di kategori baik sejumlah 48 orang (51,6%). Hubungan antara persepsi tentang profesi perawat dengan perilaku *caring* dengan $p\text{-value} = 0,009$ dan $odds\ ratio = 3,021$.

Kesimpulan: Terdapat hubungan yang signifikan antara persepsi tentang profesi perawat dengan perilaku *caring* pada mahasiswa profesi ners di PSIK FK-KMK UGM.

Kata kunci: Mahasiswa profesi ners, Perilaku *caring*, Persepsi profesi perawat

ABSTRACT

Background: Caring behavior is a nurse's caring attitude towards patients who are not only physically present for the patient but also present with their heart to provide nursing care that focuses on the patient's physical and mental healing. Students' perceptions about the nursing profession can determine the attitudes reflected in their actions and behavior.

Objective: To determine the relationship between perceptions about the nursing profession and caring behavior among nursing profession students at PSIK FK-KMK UGM.

Method: This research is a type of non-experimental quantitative research using correlational descriptive research. Participants in this research were 93 PSIK FK-KMK UGM nursing profession students. The questionnaires used in this research were The Perceptions of Professional Nursing Tool (PPNT) and the Caring Behaviors Inventory (CBI). The data analysis sheet was analyzed using frequency distribution for univariate and chi-square for bivariate.

Result: The results of the perception of the nursing profession by nursing professional students were in the negative perception category, 47 people (50.5%). The results of the caring behavior of nursing professional students were in the good category for 48 people (51.6%). The relationship between perceptions of the nursing profession and caring behavior with $p\text{-value} = 0.009$ and odds ratio = 3.021.

Conclusion: There is a significant relationship between perceptions about the nursing profession and caring behavior among nursing profession students at PSIK FK-KMK UGM.

Keywords: Caring behavior, Nursing profession students, Perception of the nursing profession