

INTISARI

MOTIVASI PETANI DALAM MELAKUKAN USAHATANI LADANG BERPINDAH DI KECAMATAN KUMPE KABUPATEN MUARO JAMBI

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Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui motivasi petani dalam melakukan usahatani ladang berpindah di Kecamatan Kumpe, Kabupaten Muaro Jambi dan faktor-faktor yang mempengaruhi. Metode dasar yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini adalah metode dekriptif analitis. Sampel tiga desa diambil berdasarkan beberapa pertimbangan yaitu (1) desa Gedong Karya, desa Jebus dan desa Sungai Aur merupakan daerah yang masyarakatnya sering melakukan usahatani ladang berpindah dengan sistem khusus menurut aturan sistem sosial, (2) mata pencaharian utama sebagian masyarakatnya melakukan usahatani ladang berpindah, (3) jumlah petani yang melakukan ladang berpindah lebih banyak dibandingkan desa lain. Dari masing-masing desa diambil 20 sampel petani secara acak sederhana (*Simple Random Sampling*). Data dianalisis dengan menggunakan uji proporsi dan analisis regresi linier berganda. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa motivasi petani dalam melakukan usahatani ladang berpindah tergolong tinggi. Faktor-faktor yang tidak mempengaruhi motivasi petani dalam melakukan usahatani ladang berpindah adalah tingkat pendidikan, luas lahan garapan, pekerjaan sampingan petani, pengalaman petani, persepsi petani, peran Penyuluh Pertanian dan peran Lembaga Swadaya Masyarakat (LSM).

Kata kunci : motivasi, usahatani ladang berpindah

ABSTRACT

FARMERS' MOTIVATION ON PERFORMING SHIFTING CULTIVATION FARMING IN KUMPE SUBDISTRICT OF MUARO JAMBI REGENCY

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The aim of the study is to find farmers' motivation on performing shifting cultivation farming in Kumpe Sub district of Muaro Jambi Regency and the factors affecting it. The primary method used in this study was analytical descriptive method. Samples from three villages were taken based on several considerations, i.e. (1) All Gedong Karya, Jebus, and Sungai Aur villages are areas in which their communities often perform shifting cultivation farming by using a specific system according to their social consent, (2) the main livelihood of their communities are based on the shifting cultivation farming, (3) the number of farmers who perform shifting cultivation are larger than those of other villages. From each villages, a sample of 20 farmers were taken by simple random sampling. The data were analyzed using proportion test and multiple linear regression analysis. The results of the study shown that farmers' motivation on performing shifting cultivation farming is relatively high. Factors which have no effect to the shifting cultivation farming are education level, land size, farmers' secondary job, farmers' experiences, farmers' perception, the role of farm extension workers, and the role of nongovernmental organizations.

Keyword: motivation, shifting cultivation farming