



ABSTRACT

Expression of Signal Regulatory Alpha (SIRP α) on Orbitocranial Meningioma

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Background

Several solid and neural tumors have immune checkpoint system to “escape” from body immune response. Signal Regulatory Protein Alpha (SIRP α) is a transmembrane protein that is one of immune checkpoint system and is expressed on several solid and neural tumors. Meningioma, a solid tumor that originated from arachnoid cap cells, may have immune checkpoint system including SIRP α . This study aimed to investigate the expression of SIRP α on orbitocranial meningioma.

Method

This was a cross-sectional study enrolling histopathological tissue from resected meningioma. Paraffin blocks of meningioma from Sardjito General Hospital were examined for SIRP α expression by immunohistochemistry. The relationship between SIRP α and meningioma grading were analyzed with SPSS chi square.

Results

One hundred twenty nine (129) samples were included; 121 (93.8%) were female and 111 (86%) were grade 1 WHO. SIRP α was positively stained on 68 (52.2%) samples with mean of staining percentage 32.64%. Relationship between SIRP α expression and WHO grading were analyzed, SIRP α was positive in 59 (53.2%) grade 1 WHO and 9 (50.0%) grade 2-3 WHO (p value = 0.804).

Conclusion

This was the first study that demonstrate SIRP α expression on orbitocranial meningioma (52.2%). Given the known role of SIRP α in immune checkpoint system, the role of SIRP α in meningioma should be further studied in importance to estimate the potential of future treatment.

Keywords

Orbitocranial meningioma, SIRP α , immune checkpoint



INTISARI

Ekspresi *Signal Regulatory Alpha (SIRP α) pada Meningioma Orbitokranial*

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Latar Belakang

Beberapa tumor padat dan tumor saraf memiliki sistem *immune checkpoint* untuk menghindar dari respon imun tubuh. *Signal Regulatory Protein Alpha (SIRP α)* merupakan protein transmembran yang merupakan salah satu sistem *immune checkpoint* dan diekspresikan oleh beberapa tumor padat dan tumor saraf. Meningioma, yang merupakan tumor padat yang berasal dari sel *cap arachnoid*, dapat memiliki sistem *immune checkpoint* termasuk SIRP α . Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui ekspresi SIRP α pada meningioma orbitokranial.

Metode

Penelitian ini menggunakan metode potong lintang dengan sampel blok parafin jaringan meningioma dari RSUP Dr. Sardjito. Ekspresi SIRP α diperiksa dengan imunohistokimia. Hubungan ekspresi SIRP α dan derajat patologi meningioma dianalisis dengan SPSS chi-square.

Hasil

Seratus dua puluh sembilan (129) sampel diinklusi; sebanyak 121 (93.8%) merupakan perempuan dan 111 (86%) merupakan meningioma WHO grade 1. SIRP α terwarna pada 68 (52.2%) sampel. Hubungan antara ekspresi SIRP α dengan *grading* WHO dianalisa; SIRP α positif pada 59 (53.2%) WHO grade 1 dan 9 (50.0%) WHO grade 2-3 (*p value* = 0.804).

Kesimpulan

Penelitian ini merupakan penelitian pertama yang menemukan ekspresi SIRP α sebanyak 52.2% meningioma orbitokranial. Mengingat peran SIRP α pada sistem *immune checkpoint*, diperlukan studi lebih lanjut mengenai peran SIRP α pada meningioma untuk kemungkinan terapi di masa depan.

Kata Kunci

Meningioma orbitokranial, SIRP α , immune checkpoint