

ABSTRACT

For Brazil, agriculture has long acted as a backbone for its economy. The growth of Brazil's GM sector in recent decades has contributed to the country's agricultural competitiveness and resilience on the global market. Discussions on transgenic crops are not without disagreement on issues pertaining to intellectual property, multinationals, and global imbalances. Yet, Brazil's adoption of crops on such a scale has largely been accommodative towards the country's economic development, as Brazil has largely been able to facilitate and safeguard its GM sector's growth. From the institutional upgrading and adjustment of the intellectual property regime and judicial process that are crafted to fit Brazil's needs to the commitment to strengthen logistics and infrastructure, this allows farmers and other stakeholders to reap the benefits of more efficient cultivation.

Keywords: Genetically-modified crops; Development; Institution; Infrastructure; Brazil.