



Abstract

Purpose – This study aimed to understand the gendered impacts of the pandemic in Indonesia and offer insights into the experiences of women during the pandemic by drawing on existing data. This study seeks to contribute to the understanding of how women are disproportionately affected by the COVID-19 pandemic in Indonesia.

Methodology – A secondary data analysis was conducted using 10 administrative and survey data from government agencies, international organizations, and private organizations. Additionally, we use the findings from related academic studies and credible news sites to give the results a broader context and for comparison.

Findings – Women in Indonesia are disproportionately affected by COVID-19 in different domains, such as employment, unpaid domestic and care work, gender-based violence, and indirect health and wellbeing, which include accessibility to sexual and reproductive health services and stress levels.

Keywords – Gender, COVID-19, Indonesia, Double Burden, Violence, Health